

25th April 1960]

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

Scales of pay to Graduate teachers in Kanyakumari district and Shencottah taluk

361 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR: Will the Hon. the Minister for Finance be pleased to state—

(a) Whether it is a fact that Graduate teachers recruited to Government service after States Reorganisation and posted in Kanyakumari district and Shencottah taluk are given lesser scale than the Graduate teachers in Madras service; and

(b) if so, the reasons for the same ?

A.—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Local Libraries

362 Q.—திரு. என். ஆர். தியாகராசன்: கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) லோகல் லைப்ரரி அதாரிட்டி என்ற பெயரால் நமது ராஜ்யத்தில் எத்தனை ஸ்தாபனங்கள் இருக்கின்றன?

(ஆ) அதில் யார் யார் அங்கத்தினர்கள் ?

(இ) எத்தனை கிளை நூலகங்கள் உள்ளன, ஜில்லாவாரியாக ?

(ஈ) அதில் ஒவ்வொன்றிலும் உள்ள புத்தகங்கள் எத்தனை ?

(உ) ஜில்லா வாரியாக வரும் வருமானம் என்ன? செலவென்ன ?

A.—(அ) 12.

(ஆ) to (உ) Statements are placed in the Legislature Library for reference.

363 Q.—திரு. அ. வேதரத்னம்: கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 1957-58-ல் நூல் நிலையங்களுக்கு லைப்ரரி செஸ் மூலம் வருமானம் எவ்வளவு ?

(ஆ) 1957-58-ல் ஆன செலவு எவ்வளவு?

(இ) இம்மாநிலத்தில் மொத்தம் எத்தனை நூல் நிலையங்கள் இருக்கின்றன ?

(ஈ) ஒவ்வொரு ஜில்லாவிலும் எத்தனை நூல் நிலையங்கள் யார் நிர்வாகத்தில் இருக்கின்றன ?

(உ) இந்த நூல் நிலையங்களில் நிர்வாகத்தை மாற்றியமைக்கும் உத்தேசம் உண்டா?

(ஊ) அப்படியாயின், அதன் விவரம் என்ன ?

A.—(அ) to (ஈ) Statements are given below.

(உ) & (ஊ) The attention of the member is invited to Question No. 90 answered on 2nd September 1959.

[25th April 1960]

<i>Serial number and name of the Local Library Authority.</i>	<i>Library cess collected during 1957-58.</i>	<i>Income during 1957-58.</i>	<i>Expenditure during 1957-58.</i>
	RS.	RS.	RS.
1 Local Library Authority, Madras City.	5,67,926	5,97,991	2,42,056
2 Local Library Authority, Chingleput.	16,707	57,000	84,475
3 Local Library Authority, North Arcot.	38,388	2,85,170	1,19,492
4 Local Library Authority, South Arcot.	12,014	38,959	76,384
5 Local Library Authority, Thanjavoor.	57,358	97,995	83,062
6 Local Library Authority, Tiruchirappalli.	98,015	1,70,000	96,868
7 Local Library Authority, Madurai ..	2,03,198	3,98,730	3,47,906
8 Local Library Authority, Ramanathapuram.	43,280	84,656	94,085
9 Local Library Authority, Tirunelveli.	52,317	1,52,203	1,75,141
10 Local Library Authority, Salem ..	9,590	73,831	1,41,398
11 Local Library Authority, Coimbatore.	1,14,373	1,67,860	1,84,223
12 Local Library Authority, The Nilgiris.	15,053	51,081	65,738
Total ..	12,28,219	21,77,476	17,10,828

Number of libraries maintained by various organizations.

<i>Serial number and name of the district.</i>	<i>Libraries maintained by the Local Library Authorities.</i>			<i>Panchayat Libraries.</i>	<i>Co-operative Societies.</i>	<i>Grama Sangams.</i>
	<i>District Library.</i>	<i>Branch Libraries.</i>	<i>Delivery Stations.</i>			
1 Madras City	1	73	..	..	2	..
2 Chingleput	1	21	60	33	4	..
3 North Arcot	1	16	12	294	3	..
4 South Arcot	1	17	5	92	3	..
5 Tanjore	1	15	56	105	3	..
6 Tiruchirappalli	1	23	4	16	..	8
7 Madurai	1	43	132	19	..	3
8 Ramanathapuram	1	24	46	45	..	7
9 Tirunelveli	1	39	30	50	3	5
10 Salem	1	30	27	26	7	12
11 Coimbatore	1	74	195	39	..	..
12 The Nilgiris	1	11	19	9	3	20
Total	12	381	586	728	28	108

13 Kanyakumari There is a Distributing Unit under the control of the District Educational Officer, Nagercoil,

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North Arcot District Library

364 Q.—திரு. வி. கே. கோதண்டராமன் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) வடாற்காடு மாவட்ட நூலகத்தின் வருட வருமானம் எவ்வளவு ?

(ஆ) நூலகங்களுக்கு வாங்கிய பேப்பர், புத்தகம் எவ்வளவு ?

(இ) 1957 முதல் 1959 வரை வருட வாரியாக இந்த நூலகத்தின் வருட செலவு எவ்வளவு ?

A.—(அ) Rs. 66,759 (for 1958–59).

(ஆ) Books to the value of Rs. 20,326.37 and News papers and periodicals to the value of Rs. 4,943.76 were purchased during 1958–59.

(இ) 1956–57—Rs. 57, 612.39.

1957–58—Rs. 90,772.17.

1958–59—Rs. 1,27,484.45.

District and Central Libraries

365 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த இராஜ்யத்தில் (District and Central Libraries) எத்தனை மாவட்ட நூல் நிலையங்கள் சொந்தக் கட்டடங்களில் வைக்கப்பட்டுள்ளன?

(ஆ) வேலூர் நூல் நிலையக்கட்டிடம் கட்ட என்ன செலவாயிற்று ?

(இ) வடாற்காடு மாவட்டத்தில் கிளை நூல் நிலையங்கள் (Branch Libraries) உள்ள இடங்கள் யாவை?

A.—(அ) One in North Arcot district.

(ஆ) An expenditure of Rs. 1,87,428.40 was incurred up to 31st December 1959. The total expenditure on the construction of the building is estimated to be Rs. 2,11,602.58.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| (இ) 1 Arkonam. | 11 Vaniyambadi. |
| 2 Arni. | 12 Wallaja. |
| 3 Ambur. | 13 Wandiwash. |
| 4 Chengam. | 14 Jolarpet. |
| 5 Gudiyattam. | 15 Kaveripauk. |
| 6 Polur. | 16 Pallikonda. |
| 7 Ranipet. | 17 Thimiri. |
| 8 Tiruppattur. | 18 Alangayam. |
| 9 Tiruvannamalai. | 19 Pudukalayam. |
| 10 Tiruvettipuram at Cheyyar. | 20 Chetpet. |
| | 21 Kalavai. |

Harijan students in Coimbatore Colleges

366 Q.—திரு. பி. ஐ. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் பொது மராமத்து அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 1958, 1959-ம் வருடங்களிலே கோயமுத்தூர் ஜில்லாவிலிருக்கும் அரசாங்கத்தாராலும், தனிப்பட்டவர்களாலும் நடத்தப்பட்டுவரும் கல்விகளில், தொழிற்பயிற்சி கல்லூரிகள் போன்றவைகள் ஒவ்வொன்றிலும் எத்தனை ஹரிஜனங்கள் கல்வி பயின்று வருகிறார்கள் ?

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(ஆ) இவர்களுள் எத்தனை ஹரிஜனங்களுக்கு என்னென்ன விதமான உபகாரச் சம்பளம் கவர்ன்மெண்டால் அளிக்கப்பட்டு வருகின்றன?

(இ) இவர்களில் ஹரிஜன மாணவிகள் எத்தனை பேர்கள்?

A.—(அ), (ஆ) & (இ) A statement is annexed which gives particulars for the year 1958-59.

Statement showing the number of Harijan students the number to whom Scholarships were granted, and the number of women students among them in the Arts and Professional Colleges in Coimbatore district during 1958-59.

<i>Serial number and name of the Arts and Professional Colleges in Coimbatore district.</i>	<i>Number of Harijan students in each of the Arts and Professional Colleges in Coimbatore district (private as well as Government) during 1958-59.</i>	<i>Number of Harijan students among them granted scholarships (whether residential or non-residential).</i>	<i>Number of women students among them granted scholarships.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1 G. V. G. Visalakshi College (for Women), Udumalpet.	3	3	3
2 P. S. G. Arts College, Peelamedu.	9	9	..
3 Government Arts College, Coimbatore.	52	47	..
4 Sri Avinashilingam Home Science College, Coimbatore.	..	..	..
5 Nallamuthu Gounder Municipal College, Pollachi.	6	5	..
6 Sri Ramakrishna Mission Vidyalaya Teachers' Training College, Perianaickenpalayam.	1	1	..
7 Chikkiah Naicken Mahajana College, Erode, Coimbatore.	28	25	..
8 Government Training College for Women, Coimbatore.	..	..	..
9 P. S. G. College of Technology and Polytechnic, Peelamedu, Coimbatore.	6	6	..
10 Sri Ramakrishna Mission Vidyalaya Maruthi College for Physical Education, Perianaickenpalayam, Coimbatore.	5	5	..
11 Government College of Technology, Coimbatore-3.	61	60	..
12 Government Agricultural College and Research Institute, Coimbatore.	17	15	..
13 Nirmala College, Coimbatore.	1	1	1
14 Coimbatore Institute of Technology, Peelamedu.	9	5	..
Total ..	193	182	4

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Midday Meals Scheme

367 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

பொது ஜனங்களுடைய நன்கொடையாலும் சர்க்காரின் உதவியாலும், ஒவ்வொரு ஜில்லாவிலும் எந்தெந்த உயர் நிலைப் பள்ளிக்கூடங்களிலே எத்தனை மாணவர்களுக்கும், மாணவிகளுக்கும் மத்தியான உணவு சப்ளை செய்யப்பட்டு வருகின்றன ?

A.—Midday meals are not provided for students of Secondary Schools with the aid of Government grant. But Midday meals are provided for 11,463 students in 390 High Schools *entirely* out of Public donations. Districtwise figures in this regard are furnished in the statement given below :—

Statement of Districtwise figures relating to Midday Meals Scheme.

<i>Serial number and Educational district.</i>	<i>Number of Secondary Schools in which midday meals are provided.</i>	<i>Number of pupils fed.</i>
1 Chingleput	20	795
2 Villupuram	17	307
3 South Arcot	5	480
4 Tanjore East	10	308
5 Tanjore West	4	121
6 Tiruchirappalli	49	1,007
7 Pudukkottai	4	87
8 Dindigul	28	1,236
9 Madurai	32	1,993
10 Ramanathapuram	6	116
11 Virudunagar	12	442
12 Tirunelveli South	25	505
13 Tirunelveli Central	10	200
14 Tirunelveli North	13	465
15 Coimbatore	5	60
16 The Nilgiris	11	281
17 Erode	26	519
18 Salem	56	1,542
19 Dharmapuri	34	486
20 Vellore	18	443
21 Tiruvannamalai	5	70
Total ..	390	11,463

Basic Schools

368 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) ஒவ்வொரு ஜில்லாவிலும் எத்தனை பள்ளிகள் ஆதாரப்பள்ளிகளாக மாற்றப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன ?

(ஆ) 1959-60-ல் ஒவ்வொரு ஜில்லாவிலும் எத்தனை பள்ளிகள் ஆதாரப்பள்ளிகளாக மாற்றப்படும் ?

A.—(அ) The scheme of conversion of elementary schools into Basic Schools was not drawn up districtwise. The target of the scheme for the State as a whole is to convert 2,200 Elementary Schools into Basic Schools, during the Second Five-Year Plan period.

(ஆ) A statement is appended.

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Number of Elementary Schools converted into Basic Schools up to the year 1959-60.

Serial number and name of distret.	Number of Elementary Schools converted up to 1959-60
1 Madras South	7
2 Madras North	6
3 Chingleput	113
4 Tanjore East	39
5 Tanjore West	89
6 Madurai	126
7 Dindigul	71
8 Ramanathapuram	161
9 Virudhunagar	162
10 Tirunelveli South	70
11 Tirunelveli North	54
12 Tirunelveli Central	63
13 Kanyakumari	58
14 South Arcot (Cuddalore)	87
15 Villupuram	54
16 North Arcot (Vellore)	69
17 Tiruvannamalai	136
18 Salem	52
19 Dharmapuri	43
20 Erode	123
21 Coimbatore	111
22 Tiruchirappalli	71
23 Pudukottai	90
24 The Nilgiris	113
	1,968

Basic Training School at Kurukkathi

369 Q.—திரு. அ. வேதரத்தினம் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) தஞ்சை ஜில்லா நாகை தாலுக்காவிலுள்ள குறுக்கத்தி அரசினர் ஆதாரப் பயிற்சிப் பள்ளி, விடுமுறை இல்லாத காலத்தில் சில மாதங்களுக்கு முன் மூடப்பட்டதா?

(ஆ) அதற்கு என்ன காரணம் ?

(இ) எப்போது அப்பள்ளி திறக்கப்படும் ?

A.—(அ) Yes, Sir.

(ஆ) There was a strike on account of the misbehaviour of certain pupil-teachers. So the school was closed.

(இ) The school was closed on 12th December 1959 for a fortnight in lieu of usual Pongal holidays. The school was re-opened on 28th December 1959.

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Chemical Fertilizers

370 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR : Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) the total quantities of various chemical fertilizers that will be required in the State for the year 1959-60 ;

(b) the quantity demanded for 1959-60 ; and

(c) the total quantity expected and actually received so far ?

A.—A statement is appended below.

The quantities of chemical fertilizers, required in the State during 1959-60, the quantities demanded, the quantities expected and the quantities actually received are shown in the statement below :—

Particulars.	Quantity required and demanded.	Quantity expected.	Quantity actually received so far.*
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<i>Nitrogenous fertilizers.</i>			
(FIGURES IN TONS).			
Ammonium Sulphate	160,000	83,700	70,717
Urea	25,000	26,472	20,319
Ammonium Sulphate Nitrate	25,000	13,080	8,598
Calcium Ammonium Nitrate	7,500	6,650	2,550
<i>Phosphatic Fertilizers.</i>			
Superphosphate	61,000	54,000	39,060
Triple Sulperphosphate	2,000	890	800
Ammoniated Triple Superphosphate	2,000	800	800
Mono ammonium phosphate	200	150	159
Di-ammonium phosphate	200	100	100
Complex (Mixed) fertilizer		163	163
Muriate of Potash	12,500	..	Nil.
Sulphate of Potash	5,000	..	Nil.
Nitro-Posphate	3,000	1,550	Nil.

* The figures include also quantities in transit.

Participation of Public Health Departments in Exhibitions

371 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் ரெவினியு அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

1958-59, 1959-60-ம் வருடங்களில் (Health Propaganda and Publicity) எந்தெந்த ஜில்லாக்களில் நடந்த கண்காட்சி சாலைகளில் (Exhibition) காட்டப்பட்டன?

A.—The particulars of exhibitions in which the Health Propaganda and Publicity branch of the Public Health Department participated during the period referred to are given in the statement.

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Statement.

<i>Year.</i>	<i>Month.</i>	<i>Place.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>In connection with.</i>
1958	April	.. Salem ..	.. Salem ..	.. Hospital Day Celebration.
	May	.. Kancheepuram.	Chingleput	.. Devarajaswamy Festival.
	July	.. Madras Medical College.	Madras	.. World Health Day Celebration.
	August	.. Tirunelveli and Salem.	Tirunelveli and Salem.	Hospital Day Celebration.
	September	.. Ettiyapuram and Stanley Medical College.	Tirunelveli and Madras.	Bharathiyar Festival and Medical Exhibition.
	December	.. Madras (Teynampet), Madras.	Madras	.. All-India Khadi Swadeshi and Industrial Exhibition.
1959.	January	.. Poonamallee ..	Chingleput	.. Education Conference Board Meeting.
	February	.. Chingleput ..	Do.	.. Hospital Day Celebration.
	March	.. Kancheepuram.	Do.	.. Devarajaswamy Festival.
		.. Coimbatore ..	Coimbatore	.. All-India Swadeshi Art and Industrial Exhibition.
	April	.. Madurai ..	Madurai	.. Chithirai Exhibition.
	June	.. Tirunelveli ..	Tirunelveli	.. All-India Khadi Swadeshi and Industrial Exhibition.
	July	.. Madras Medical College and Salem.	Madras and Salem.	.. World Health Day Celebration and All India Khadi Swadeshi and Industrial Exhibition.
	August	.. Coimbatore ..	Coimbatore	.. Golden Jubilee Hospital Day Celebration.
	October	.. Gandhigram ..	Madurai	.. Pilot Health Project Exhibition.
		.. Tirunelveli ..	Tirunelveli	.. Hospital Day Celebration.
	December	.. Madras ..	Madras	.. All-India Khadi Swadeshi and Industrial Exhibition, Teynampet, Madras.

Training in Industrial Institutes

372 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) கவர்மெண்டாலும், தனிப்பட்டவர்களாலும் நடத்தப்பட்டுவரும் ஓவ்வொரு பல தொழில் பயிற்சி கூடத்திலும் 1959-ம் வருடத்திலே எத்தனை பேர்களுக்கு என்னென்ன விதமான தொழில் பயிற்சி அளிக்கப்பட்டு வருகின்றன?

(ஆ) இவர்களுள் ஹரிஜனங்கள் எத்தனை பேர்கள்?

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A.—(a) & (b) The particulars required are furnished below :—

I. GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRAINING INSTITUTES/CENTRES.

Serial number.	Name of the Institute.	Name of the trade.	Total number of the trainees on training.	Number of Harijan trainees in each trade out of the total number.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Industrial Training Institute, Madras-16.	Blacksmithy Carpenter Draughtsmen (Civil). Draughtsmen (Mechanical). Electrician Fitters Instrument (Mechanical). Motor Mechanic Radio Mechanic Total	30 35 61 64 29 51 47 34 35 386	12 10 10 8 6 12 5 7 2 72
2	Industrial Training Centre, North Madras-1.	Machinist Moulder Pattern maker Turner Welder Total	21 17 31 26 15 110	3 1 10 2 3 19
3	Industrial Training Institute, Broadway, Madras-1.	Blacksmithy Fitter Draughtsman (Mechanical). Draughtsman (Civil). Welders Linemen and Wiremen. Lightmetal casting .. General Mechanics .. Well drilling Metal workers drawing. Total	23 31 29 33 16 22 20 62 5 6 247	12 14 3 5 7 4 2 15 .. 1 63
4	Industrial Training Institute, Cuddalore.	Linemen and Wiremen. Turner Welder Fitter Moulder Blacksmithy Total	35 34 22 63 34 17 205	8 5 2 11 13 17 55

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I. GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRAINING INSTITUTES/CENTRE—cont.

Serial number,	Name of the Institute.	Name of the trade.	Total number of the trainees on training.	Number of Harijan trainees in each trade out of the total number.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
5	Industrial Training Institute, Nagapattinam.	Carpentry	21	6
		Linemen and Wiremen	53	7
		Moulder	27	5
		Fitter	58	9
		Turner	39	5
		Welder	23	2
		Total	221	34
	(a) Industrial Training Centre attached to the Tamilnad Polytechnic, Madurai.	Fitters	60	10
6		Linemen and Wiremen	59	13
	(b) Industrial School section attached to the Tamilnad Polytechnic, Madurai.	Blacksmithy	12	1
		Carpentry	14	3
		Composing and Proof reading	8	..
		Linemen and Wiremen	24	1
		Fitters	28	27
		General Mechanic	51	9
		Lightmetal casting	7	..
		Moulding	22	..
		Motor (Mechanic)	17	2
		Machinist	23	2
		Machine binding and book-binding	3	..
		Turner	25	3
		Welders	14	..
		Pattern maker	4	1
		Total	371	52
7	Industrial Training Institute, Virudhunagar.	Turner	33	3
		Carpenter	10	1
		Fitter	57	3
		Moulder	15	1
		Machinist	26	5
		Linemen and Wiremen	36	4
		Total	177	22
8	Industrial Training Institute, Pettai.	Fitter	55	9
		Linemen and Wiremen	55	2
		Mechanic (motor)	26	3
		Turner	32	3
		Welder	23	4
		Moulder	23	1
		Total	214	22
9	Industrial Training Centre, Pioneer Motor Service, Nagercoil.	Fitter	32	6
		Linemen and Wiremen	33	6
		Mechanic (motor)	32	5
		Welder	16	2
		Total	113	19

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I. GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRAINING INSTITUTES/CENTRE—cont.

Serial number.	Name of the Institute.	Name of trade.	Total number of the trainees on training.	Number of Harijan trainees in each trade out of the total number.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
10	(a) Industrial Training Centre, attached to the Government Polytechnic, Coimbatore.	Motor Mechanic .. Fitter	59 26	6 4
	(b) Industrial School section attached to Government Polytechnic, Coimbatore.	Motor Mechanic .. Radio Mechanic ..	32 12	1 ..
		Total ..	129	11
11	Industrial Training Centre, Stree Seva Mandir, Madras-17.	Bleaching and Dyeing and Printing. Book Binding Cutting and tailoring .. Embroidery needle work. Hand weaving .. Knitting with hand and machines.	12 16 35 21 17 17	1 2 6 2 .. 2
		Total ..	118	13

II. AIDED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

Madras district.

1	The Setan School of Embroidery and Needle Work, Kilpauk, Madras-10.	Embroidery and Dress making.	66	5
		Technical Teachers Training (Embroidery).	14	1
2	St. Joseph's Industrial School for Girls, Portuguese Church Street, Madras-1.	Needle work, Dress making and embroidery.	21	..
3	St. Joseph's Industrial School for Girl's, Bon Secours Convent, Mada Church Road, Mandavelipakkam, Madras.	Do.	17	3
4	St. Annes Industrial School, Rayapuram, Madras-13.	Do.	31	3
5	Madras Seva Sadan, 5, Harrington Road, Chetput, Madras.	Handloom weaving .. Needlework, Dress-making and Embroidery. Teachers' Training in Dress-making and Embroidery.	8 62 11	1 7 ..
6	Rani Rajyalakshmi Industrial School for Women, Andhra Mahila Sabha, Madras-4.	Needlework, Dress-making and Embroidery.	32	1
7	Madras Hindu Sevak Sangh Industrial School, Madras-1.	Do.	23	1

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II. AIDED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—cont.

Serial number.	Name of the Institute.	Name of the trade.	Total number of the trainees on training.	Number of Harijan trainees in each tradeout of the total number.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<i>Madras district—cont.</i>				
8	Thakkar Bapa Vidyalaya, Venkatanarayana Road, Madras-17.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	70	62
		Blacksmithy, General Mechanics.	70	64
		Tailoring	45	38
9	Chandra Sekhara Technical Institute, Madhavaram High Road, Madras-11.	General Mechanic ..	30	3
10	V.S.R.'s Radio Institute, 1, South Lane, Mount Road, Madras-2.	Radio servicing and Maintenance.	135	..
11	Anjuman Industrial School, Mount Road, Madras-2.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	42	1
12	Gokulam Cottage Industrial School, Eldams Road, Madras-18.	Handloom Weaving ..	33	18
13	Royal Telegraph and Wireless Training Institute, Chintadripet, Madras-7.	Wireless Telegraph ..	26	..
		Telegraph Signaller ..	22	..
		Telephone Operator	32	2
14	National Radio and Wireless Institute, Television, Madras-4.	Radio Servicing and Maintenance.	24	..
15	C.N.T. Institute, Vepery, Madras.	Foreman Mechanic ..	43	12
		Fitting	77	40
		Electric wiring ..	58	40
		Moulding and casting	70	50
		Carpentry	36	30
		Handloom weaving ..	33	22
		Total ..	1,137	409
<i>Chingleput district.</i>				
16	American Advent Mission Industrial School, Velacheri, Madras-16.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	34	34
17	Hussainy Industrial School, Hussainabad, St. Thomas Mount, Madras-16.	Do	18	1
18	Church of South India Industrial School, Ikkadu.	Needle work, Dress making and Embroidery.	34	28
19	Central Leprosy Teaching and Research Institute, Tirumani, Chingleput.	Carpentry	25	3
		Total ..	111	66
<i>North Arcot district.</i>				
20	Don Bosco Industrial School, Katpadi.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	149	..
21	Anjuman Industrial School, Vellore.	Do.	64	9
22	Anjuman Industrial School, Melvisharam.	Do.	66	3
		Total ..	279	12

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II. AIDED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS —cont.

Serial number.	Name of the Institute.	Name of the trade.	Total number of the trainees on training.	Number of Harijan trainees in each tradeout of the total number.
(1)	(2)	(3) *	(4)	(5)
<i>South Arcot district.</i>				
23	Danish Mission Industrial School, Panruti.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	38	5
24	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Tindivanam.	Do	65	4
		Blacksmithy and Fitting.	19	2
		Teachers' Training in carpentry and cabinet making.	11	..
25	Sacred Hearts Technical School, Cuddalore.	Needlework, Dress making and Embroidery.	40	..
26	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Cuddalore.	Auto Servicing ..	33	10
		Welding ..	19	11
		Total ..	225	32
<i>Thanjavur district.</i>				
27	St. Cecily's Industrial School, Kumbakonam.	Needlework, Dress-making and Embroidery.	48	4
28	District Board Industrial School, Thanjavur.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	43	10
		General Mechanic ..	65	3
		Paper making and book binding.	14	1
		Auto Servicing ..	28	..
29	St. Xavier's Industrial School, Pookara Street, Thanjavur.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	64	20
30	Municipal School of Arts and Crafts, Kumbakonam.	Handloom Weaving ..	21	11
		Drawing and Painting	46	1
		Engraving ..	17	..
		Handloom weaving ..	16	..
31	St. Mary's Industrial School, Kumbakonam.	Cabinet making ..	57	4
		Blacksmithy ..	39	8
		Total ..	497	73
<i>Tiruchirappalli district.</i>				
32	Holy Cross Industrial School, Golden Rock, Tiruchirappalli.	Needlework, Dress-making and Embroidery.	40	4
		Teachers' Training in Dress making and Embroidery.	14	4
33	St. John De Britto Industrial School, Tiruchirappalli.	Needlework and Dress-making and Embroidery.	12	..
		Teachers' Training in Needlework and Embroidery.	18	..
		Handloom weaving ..	24	..
34	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Tiruchirappalli.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	16	..
		General Mechanic ..	119	..
		Motor Mechanic ..	..	..

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II. AIDED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—cont.

Serial number.	Name of the Institute.	Name of the trade.	Total number of the trainees on training.	Number of Harijan trainees in each trade out of the total number.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<i>Tiruchirappalli district—cont.</i>				
35	Karur Industrial School, Karur.	Carpentry	30	30
36	Dalmia Industrial School, Dalmiapuram.	Handloom weaving .. Turner Welder	19 14 17	14 5 5
		Total ..	330	62
<i>Madurai district.</i>				
37	Holy Family Industrial School for Girls, Gnanavelupuram, Madurai.	Needlework, Dress making and Embroidery.	37	3
38	T.E.L.C. Industrial School, Dindigul.	Carpentry and Cabinet making	20	5
		Fitter	19	8
		Turner	22	8
		Moulder	28	7
39	Pasumalai Trade School, Pasumalai.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	38	25
40	S.N. Technical Institute, South Masi Street, Madurai.	Lineman and wireman. Telephone	37 82	15 6
		Telephone Operating	81	11
41	Layola Technical School, Gnanavelupuram, Madurai.	Cabinet making .. Fitter Electric wiring .. Auto Servicing and Maintenance.	15 19 6 34	5 .. 1 6
		Total ..	433	100
<i>Tirunelveli district.</i>				
42	R. C. Lace Industrial School for Girls, Vadakangulam.	Needlework, Dress making and Embroidery.	25	—
43	Hindu Girls, Lace Industrial School, Kudangulam.	Lace making	27	1
44	St. Ignatius Industrial School, Tuticorin.	Carpentry and Cabinet	29	14
45	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Adaikalapuram.	Do making.	33	5
		Handloom weaving ..	11	1
46	S.P.G. Arts Industrial School, Nazareth.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	88	9
		Blacksmithy	24	4
		Tailoring	23	3
47	School for the Blind, Palayamkottai.	Handloom weaving ..	52	7

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II. AIDED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—cont.

Serial number.	Name of the Institute.	Name of the trade.	Total number of the trainees on training.	Number of Harijan trainees in each trade out of the total number.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Tirunelveli district—cont.				
48	A.C. Industrial School, Kanakapillai Tenkasi.	Carpentry Blacksmithy and Fitting. Tailoring Composing and Proof-reading.	19 19 30 11	8 16 6 2
49	District Board Industrial School, Tiruchendur.	Carpentry Fitting	89 14	.. 3
50	Standard Telegraph Institute, Tirunelveli Junction.	Wireless Morse Telegraphy	7 16	1 6
		Total ..	437	86
Coimbatore district.				
51	St. Joseph's Industrial School and Press, P.B. No. 6, Coimbatore.	Carpentry Fitter	17 30	5 6
52	Sri Ramakrishna Mission Vidyalaya School of Engineering, Perianaickenpalayam, Coimbatore.	General Mechanic ..	62	1
53	District Board Industrial School, Pollachi.	General Mechanic .. Carpentry and Cabinet making.	41 18	5 2
		Total ..	168	19
Salem district.				
54	St. Theresa's Industrial School, Salem.	Capentry and Cabinet making.	Particulars are not readily available.	
The Nilgiris district.				
55	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Finger Post, Ootacamund.	Carpentry and Cabinet making.	52	44
Kanyakumari district.				
56	Chitra Drawing School, Nagercoil.	Drawing and Painting.	34	3
57	Jeya Embroidery School, Marthandam.	Embroidery	32	3
58	Sadha Samrakshanathi Weaving School, Marthandam.	Handloom weaving ..	24	3
59	St. Joseph's Weaving School, Puthankodu.	Do. ..	20	..
60	Rural Industrial School, Melpuram.	Do. ..	27	7
61	Sacred Heart Industrial School, Parakadu.	Do. ..	31	1
62	Sahayavilasam Weaving School, Piracode.	Do. ..	20	2
		Total ..	188	19

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State Urban Housing Scheme

373 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 1959-ம் ஆண்டு மார்ச்சு 26-ந் தேதிய வெளியிடப்பட்ட நட்சத்திரக் குறியிடாத 1470 கேள்வியில் தெரிவிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் **State Loans to Urban Housing Societies**-ல் கட்டப்பட குறிப்பிடப்பட்டிருக்கும் வீடுகளிலே எத்தனை வீடுகள் கட்டப்பட்டன ?

(ஆ) எந்தெந்த ஜில்லாக்களிலே எவ்வளவு தொகை (Surrender) கவர்ன்மெண்டுக்கே திருப்பி அனுப்பப்பட்டன ?

A.—(a) Particulars of the number of houses constructed in each district during 1958-59 are furnished in the Statement I appended.

(b) The appended statement No. II gives the particulars of the allotment for 1958-59 districtwise, the amount spent, and the amount surrendered. The amounts shown as surrendered in the statement were diverted to other districts, and the entire allotment for the State for 1958-59 has been fully utilised.

STATEMENT I.

State Urban Housing Scheme—Number of houses constructed during 1958-59.

<i>Serial number and name of the district.</i>	<i>Number of houses constructed during 1958-59. State Housing Scheme.</i>
1 North Arcot	9
2 South Arcot	17
3 Chingleput	5
4 Coimbatore	11
5 Madras	37
6 Madurai	21
7 Nilgiris	1
8 Ramanathapuram	26
9 Salem	16
10 Thanjavur	8
11 Tirunelveli	8
12 Tiruchirappalli	4
13 Kanyakumari	5

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STATEMENT II.

State Urban Housing Scheme—Districtwar allotment and drawal loans during 1958-59.

Serial number.	Name of district.	Allotment 1958-59.	Amount spent by 31st March 1959.	Amount surrendered.
		RS.	RS.	RS.
<i>State Housing.</i>				
1	North Arcot	30,000	31,500	..
2	South Arcot	29,500	29,500	..
3	Chingleput	1,52,000	1,56,000	..
4	Coimbatore	3,63,000	3,68,300	..
5	Madras	10,00,000	10,03,480	..
6	Madurai	1,69,000	1,66,720	2,280
7	Nilgiris	31,000	37,000	..
8	Ramanathapuram	60,000	38,900	21,100
9	Salem	35,100	39,600	..
10	Thanjavur	47,000	32,100	14,900
11	Tirunelveli	29,400	27,400	2,000
12	Tiruchirappalli	54,000	69,500	..
Total		20,00,000	20,00,000	40,280

Assignment of house-sites for Harijans

374 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் பொது மராமத்து அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

1959-ம் ஆண்டு மார்ச்சு 26-ம் தேதியில் வெளியிடப்பட்டிருக்கும் 1436-வது நட்சத்திரக் குறியிடாத கேள்வியில் தெரிவிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் 1958-59 வருடத்துக்கு வீட்டு மனைக்கட்டு நிலங்கள் ஹரிஜனங்களுக்கு வாங்கி கொடுக்க, ஒதுக்கப்பட்ட தொகையில் ஒவ்வொரு ஜில்லாவிலும், செலவழிக்கப்படாமல் கவர்ன்மெண்டுக்கு திருப்பி அனுப்பப்பட்ட தொகை எவ்வளவு?

A.—

Name of district.

Amount surrendered.

	RS.
Chingleput	Nil.
North Arcot	53,570-00
Salem	Nil.
Coimbatore	Nil.
The Nilgiris	4,536-18
South Arcot	Nil.
Tiruchirappalli	Nil.
Thanjavur	11,200-00
Madurai	7,563-65
Ramanathapuram	Nil.
Tirunelveli	Nil.
Kanyakumari	4,462-00

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Grant for the development of various arts

375 Q.—திரு. வி. கே. கோதண்டராமன் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) நமது ராஜ்யத்தில் சகலவிதமான கலைப் பயிற்சி பெருங் குழுக்களுக்கு சர்க்கார் மான்யமாக பணம் கொடுக்கப்படுகிறதா ?

(ஆ) அப்படியானால் ஜில்லா வாரியாக எந்தெந்த குழுக்களுக்கு எவ்வளவு பணம் கொடுக்கப்படுகிறது ?

A.—(a) Yes. Sir. A statement is annexed below.

Institutions aided by Industries Department.

Name of the institution.	Course taught.	Maintenance grant.	Building grant.	Equipment grant.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		RS.	RS.	RS.	
<i>Madras district.</i>					
1 Seton School of Embroidery, Madras-10.	1 Needle work, Dress making and Embroidery.	617-00 480-00 (As capitation grant.)	..	..	..
	2 Teachers training in Dress making.				
	3 Teachers training in Embroidery.				
2 St. Josephs Industrial School, Mylapore.	1 Needle work, Dress making and Embroidery.	940-00	..	..	..
3 St. Josephs Industrial School, Madras-1.	Do.	580-00	..	75-00	..
4 St. Annes Industrial School, Royapuram.	Do.	870-00	..	..	..
5 Madras Seva Sadan, Chetput.	1 Do.	1,999-00 360-00 (As capitation grant.)	1,500-00	..	..
	2 Teachers training in Needle work and Embroidery.				
6 Rani Raja-lakshmi Industrial School, Mylapore.	1 Needle work, Dress making and Embroidery.	No grant was claimed by the school.			
7 Madras Hindu Sevak Sangh Industrial School, Madras-1.	Do.	844-00	..	..	..

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Name of the institution.	Course taught.	Maintenance grant.	Building grant.	Equipment grant.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		RS.	RS.	RS.	
<i>Chingleput district.</i>					
8 Church of South India Industrial School, Ikkadu.	1 Needle work, Dress-making and Embroidery.	760-00	..	..	
<i>Tanjore district.</i>					
9 St. Cecily's Industrial School, Kumbakonam.	1 Needle work, Dress-making and Embroidery.	1,497-00	115-00	..	
10 Municipal School of Arts and Crafts, Kumbakonam.	1 Engraving .. 2 Drawing and Painting. 3 Handloom weaving.	3,050-00	..	..	
<i>Tiruchirappalli district.</i>					
11 Holy Cross Industrial School, Tiruchirappalli.	1 Needle work, Dress-making and Embroidery.	2,650-00 240-00	..	..	
	(As capitation grant.)				
	2 Teachers Training in Dress making and Embroidery.				
12 St. John De. Britto Industrial School, Tiruchirappalli.	1 Do.	2,070-00 120-00	..	..	
	(As capitation grant.)				
	2 Do.				
	3 Handloom weaving.				
<i>Madurai district.</i>					
13 Holy Family Industrial School, Madurai.	1 Needle work, Dress making and Embroidery.	1,970-00	94-00	..	
<i>Tirunelveli district.</i>					
14 R.C. Lace Industrial School, Vadakangulam.	1 Needle work, Dress-making and Embroidery.	710-00	..	..	
15 Hindu Girls Lace Industrial School, Koodankulam.	1 Lace making ..	302-00	..	..	
<i>Kanyakumari district.</i>					
16 Chitra Drawing School, Nagercoil.	1 Drawing and Painting.	440-00	..	..	

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Institutions by the Education Department.

Name of the institution.	Amount of aid given.		
	1956-57.	1957-58.	1958-59.
	RS.	RS.	RS.
1 Kalakshetra, Adyar	10,000	13,128	15,000
2 Teachers' College of Music, Royapettah.	2,451	2,811	3,805
3 Tamil Isai Palli, Devakottai	..	..	751

(* Admitted to aid only in 1958-59.)

In addition to these, some institutions teaching music and drama are given aid by the State Sangeetha Nataka Sangam.

Rent for Government Offices

376 Q.—SRI V. K. KOTHANDARAMAN : Will the Hon. the Minister for Works be pleased to state the expenditure incurred towards rent for Government offices for the years 1955 to 1958, departmentwar ?

A.—The information is furnished below—

Name of the department.	Expenditure incurred towards rent for the Government offices.						Total.	
	1955-56.		1956-57.		1957-58.			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			
	RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.
1 Inspector-General of Registration.	50,844	00	49,027	00	45,802	00	1,45,673	00
2 Director of Cinchona Department, Ootacamund.	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,000	00
3 Examiner of Local Fund Accounts.	12,374	31	12,902	94	14,699	97	39,977	22
4 State Port Officer, Madras ..	1,248	00	5,304	00	2,184	00	8,736	00
5 Commissioner of Labour and Director of Employment.	22,033	75	27,910	85	28,756	00	78,700	60
6 Chief Inspector of Approved Schools and Vigilance Service.	23,727	00	26,997	00	31,361	00	82,085	00
7 Registrar of High Court, Madras, Civil Courts.	10,395	25	9,841	00	13,677	28	33,913	53
8 Commissioner for Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Administration).	39,453	00	39,481	00	37,704	00	1,16,638	00
9 Inspector-General of Police	1,26,960	61	1,30,623	11	1,35,209	29	3,92,793	01
10 Inspector-General of Prisons.	3,567	07	3,709	58	18,712	79	25,989	44
11 Director of Statistics ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29,404	95
12 Commissioner of Police ..	20,156	00	21,722	45	22,176	00	64,054	45
13 Registrar of Co-operative Societies.	23,900	00	26,828	00	48,590	00	99,318	00
14 Board of Revenue (Commercial Taxes).	6,178	57	8,787	43	7,330	00	23,296	00
15 Director of Town-Planning.	Nil.	..	Nil.	..	Nil.	..	Nil.	..

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Name of the department.		Expenditure incurred towards rent for the Government Offices.						Total.
		1955-56.		1956-57.		1957-58.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				
	RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.	RS. NP.	
16 Director of Public Instruction.	1,26,471	00	1,03,336	00	1,47,623	00	3,77,430 00	
17 Chief Inspector of Factories.	30,240	68	34,268	80	38,636	09	1,03,145 50	
18 Director of Public Health ..	36,933	93	40,499	48	43,040	91	1,20,474 82	
19 Director of Animal Husbandry.	41,845	74	47,963	98	93,043	98	1,82,853 77	
20 Chief Conservator of Forests.	10,064	64	48,885	04	54,354	42	1,13,304 10	
21 Chief Engineer (Highways).	83,079	66	91,432	62	1,02,161	56	2,76,673 84	
22 Director of Agriculture ..	1,11,175	96	1,18,381	10	1,38,860	82	3,68,417 88	
23 Director of Medical Services.	8,889	75	13,068	81	20,220	67	42,179 23	
24 Director of Fisheries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	61,274 35	
25 Superintending Engineer, Construction (Industries and Commerce Department).	..	..	4,377	19	6,817	48	11,194 67	
26 Chief Engineer (Irrigation).	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,876 16	
27 Superintending Engineers of Circles.	..	..	..	..	..	..	28,969 09	
28 Director of Industries and Commerce.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,82,333 10	

Repairing of bridges in the Highways

377 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் பொது மராமத்து அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த ராஜ்யத்திலுள்ள நெடுஞ்சாலைகளில் உள்ள பாலங்கள் எல்லாம் அவ்வப்போது பழுது பார்க்கப்படுகின்றனவா ?

(ஆ) அவைகளை நல்ல நிலையில் வைத்திருக்க என்ன முறை கையாளப்படுகிறது ?

(இ) வேலூரில் பாலாற்றின் மேலுள்ள பாலம் பழுது அடைந்துள்ளதா ? எவ்வளவு காலமாக ?

(ஈ) அது எப்பொழுது சரி செய்யப்படும் ?

A.—(a) Yes.

(b) All bridges, causeways and culverts are maintained properly by constant supervision and timely repairs from time to time.

(c) The bridge referred to is across the Palar at mile 119/3-6 of the Cuddalore-Chittoor road. This is an old arch bridge and it developed cracks in 1957. The cracks have been sealed and light traffic is allowed over it. Heavy traffic is using the diversion causeway down-stream. Owing to its inherent strength, the bridge is able to withstand the light traffic on it without signs of much distress. It is being inspected by the Superintending Engineer every year.

(d) The cost of reconstruction of the bridge is estimated at Rs. 22,00,000 and on account of this heavy cost it is not considered necessary to reconstruct the bridge at present.

[25th April 1960

Construction of a bridge near Pushpavanam village

378 Q.—**திரு. அ. வேதரத்னம் :** கனம் முதல் அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) தஞ்சை ஜில்லா, திருத்துரைப்பூண்டி தாலுக்கா, புஷ்பவனம் கிராமத்தில் இப்போது கட்டப்பட்டு வரும் பாலம் எப்போது வேலை துவக்கப் பட்டது?

(ஆ) எப்போது அந்த வேலை பூர்த்தியாகும்?

(இ) இந்த வேலை இவ்வளவு கால தாமதமாவதன் காரணமென்ன?

A.—(a) 28th August 1956.

(b) The work will be completed during the course of the year 1960-61, after conducting the required load test for determining the bearing capacity of the soil.

(c) It was found that the soil found in foundations during the course of well sinking was of poor quality with inadequate bearing capacity at the estimated depth of 20 feet below bed level as per sanctioned estimate. Hence it was proposed to conduct a load test on a pair of wells after sinking to a depth of 41 feet below bed level. In view of the heavy floods during monsoon of October 1958 islands formed for the work originally were washed away completely. Hence the work of further sinking of wells is proposed to be taken up during the ensuing summer month after fresh islands have formed.

Government advertisements

379 Q.—**SRI N. K. PALANISAMY :** Will the Hon. the Minister for Finance be pleased to state—

(a) the total expenditure incurred by this Government for advertisements in 1958-59;

(b) the expenditure incurred on each paper;

(c) the amount received from the Government of India for the publication of Government advertisements; and

(d) the amount of commission received by this Government for publication in news papers?

A.—(a) Rs. 3,78,800.17.

(b) The particulars are furnished in the annexure.

(c) Nil.

(d) Nil.

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ANNEXURE

Particulars of charges on advertisements released to various papers in 1958-59.

	RS	NP.		RS.	NP.
Hindu, Madras	1,08,530-54		Newsman, Madras ..	55-00	
Indian Express, Madras ..	81,995-71		All India Glass Manufac-		
Mail, Madras	45,401-98		turers Federation Bulle-		
Statesman, Calcutta ..	25,931-50		tin, New Delhi ..	100-00	
Times of India, Bombay.	15,525-26		Jayakeralam Annual num-		
Hindustan Times, New	4,981-60		ber, Madras ..	80-00	
Delhi.			Women's Christian Col-		
Free Press Journal,	729-75		lege Magazine, Madras.	25-00	
Bombay.			Eleventh Year, New Delhi.	120-00	
Amirta Bazaar Patrika,	2,558-75		Eleventh Year of Freedom,		
Calcutta.			New Delhi ..	550-00	
Dinamani, Madras ..	32,100-87		Pioneer, Lucknow ..	156-00	
Swadesamitran, Madras ..	18,834-05		Population Review, Madras.	250-00	
Nava India, Madras ..	6,184-69		Nadodi, Madras ..	80-00	
Tamil Nadu, Madurai ..	2,117-00		Kalki, Madras ..	3,825-00	
Andhra Prabha, Madras.	3,410-00		Ananda Vikatan, Madras.	4,339-38	
Andhra Patrika, Madras.	865-00		Kumudam, Madras ..	1,900-00	
Mathrubhumi, Kozhikode.	661-01		Kalainagal, Madras ..	360-00	
Dinamalar, Tirunelveli ..	1,176-75		Ambulimama, Madras ..	360-00	
Deccan Chronicle, Secun-	609-00		Amudasurabi, Madras ..	240-00	
derabad.			Kalai, Madras ..	125-00	
Deccan Herald, Bangalore.	436-50		Pudumai, Madras ..	1,110-00	
National Herald, Lucknow.	192-00		Nava Bharat, Jabbalpur.	198-00	
Bombay Chronicle, Bombay.	702-00		Nava Bharat, Bombay ..	18-00	
Assam Tribune, Gauhati.	75-00		Bharat Jyothi, Bombay.	45-00	
Azad Nau Jevan, Madras.	91-13		Prajavani, Bangalore ..	241-00	
Dinanthanthi, Madras ..	56-00		Navabharat Times, Bombay.	288-00	
Bharat Sevak Samaj			Leader, Alahabad ..	145-00	
Annual Number, Madras.	100-00		Madras Market, Madras ..	326-70	
Madras Union of Journal-			Bombay Market, Bombay.	430-00	
ists, Madras ..	60-00		Indian Builder, Bombay.	320-00	
Bharathi Annual Number,			Indian Construction News,	300-00	
Madras ..	35-00		Calcutta.		
Jyotsna Annual Number,			Indian Spectator, New	130-00	
Ahmadabad ..	150-00		Delhi.		
Gurukulam, Walajabad ..	25-00		Export India Journal,	85-00	
Madras Agricultural Col-			Madras.		
lege Journal, Coimbatore	20-00		World Youth Meet Exhi-	90-00	
..			bition Souvenir, New		
Kasturba Medical College			Delhi.		
* Journal, Mangalore ..	50-00		Theagaraja College Bulle-	75-00	
Christian Medical College			tin, Madras.		
Magazine, Vellore ..	50-00		New College Magazine,	50-00	
Stella Mary's College Ma-			Madras.		
gazine, Madras ..	50-00		Major Industries of India	300-00	
Alagappa Chettiar College			Annual Number, Bom-		
of Engineering and Tech-			bay.		
nology Magazine, Karai-			Sri Rama Vilas Service.		
kudi ..	60-00		Ltd., Seventieth Anni-		
Kanchi Temples, Kanchee-			versary Souvenir, Kum-		
puram ..	100-00		bakonam ..	50-00	
Kotharis Investors Ency-			Advertisers Vade Mecum,		
clopaedia, Madras ..	200-00		Madras ..	250-00	
Kadar Avasiama (pub-			All-India Congress Com-		
lished by Thayagam			mittee Economic Re-		
Publications) ..	100-00		view and Arthik Sa-		
Spokesman Weekly, New			meeksha, New Delhi ..	700-00	
Delhi ..					

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	RS. NP.		RS. NP.
Pachayappas College Magazine, Madras ..	25-00	Indian National Congress Souvenir (Sixty-fourth Session, Nagpur) ..	3,021-00
Madurai Medical College Magazine, Madurai ..	60-00	All-India Motorist Special Supplement, New Delhi.	85-00
Asylum Press Almanack and Commercial Directory, Madras	250-00	Non-gazetted Government Officers' Union Souvenir, Madras	200-00
Madras Information Annual Number, Madras	250-00	Indian Worker, Delhi ..	500-00
Eastern Economist, New Delhi	250-00	Kamakrishna Vijayam, Madras	59-00
Working Journalist, New Delhi	150-00	Blitz, Bombay	1,162-50
		Link, New Delhi	350-00
		Total ..	3,78,800-17

Cocoa paddy threshers

380 Q.—SRI S. M. ANNAMALAI: Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) how many Cocoa paddy threshers are in this State ; and

(b) in what places they are working ?

A.—(a) Only one.

(b) At the Research Engineering Workshop, Coimbatore.

Single-teacher schools

381 Q.—திரு. ச. மொ. அண்ணாமலை : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 1959-ல் ஓராசிரியர் பள்ளிகள் மாவட்டங்கள் வாரியாக எத்தனை திறக்கப்பட்டன ?

(ஆ) வடாற்காடு மாவட்டத்தில் தாலுகாவாரியாக ஓராசிரியர் பள்ளிகள் எத்தனை திறக்கப்பட்டன ?

25th April 1960]

A.—(அ) & (ஆ) A statement is appended below.

Statement showing district-wise details of single-teacher schools opened during the period 1st June to 31st December 1959

Serial number and name of Educational district.	Number of schools opened.
1 Chingleput	..
2 Villupuram	..
3 Cuddalore	..
4 Thanjavur, West	58
5 Thanjavur, East	52
6 Tiruchirappalli	9
7 Pudukkottai	38
8 Madurai	55
9 Dindigul	62
10 Ramanathapuram	66
11 Virudhunagar	27
12 Tirunelveli, South	11
13 Tirunelveli, Central	6
14 Tirunelveli, North	25
15 The Nilgiris	23
16 Coimbatore	10
17 Erode	45
18 Salem	49
19 Dharmapuri	116
20 Vellore	34
21 Tiruvannamalai	30

Number of single-teacher schools opened taluk-wise in North Arcot Revenue district.

Serial number and name of educational districts.	Name of taluk.	Number of schools opened.
1 Vellore	1 Arkonam	4
	2 Gudiyatham	7
	3 Tirupathur	12
	4 Vellore	5
	5 Wallajah	6
2 Tiruvannamalai	6 Arni	6
	7 Chengam	1
	8 Cheyyar	8
	9 Polur	10
	10 Tiruvannamalai	3
	11 Wandiwash	2

Evacuees

382 Q.—திரு. ச. மொ. அண்ணாமலை : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த மாநிலத்தில் எத்தனை அகதிகளுக்கு மத்திய சர்க்காரின் உதவி கிடைத்திருக்கிறது ?

(ஆ) கடனாகவும், மான்யமாகவும், ஒவ்வொரு அகதிக்கும் எவ்வளவு பணம் தரப்படுகிறது ?

(இ) இதுவரை கடனைத் திருப்பித் தராமல் தலைமறைவாக இருக்கும் அகதிகள் எத்தனை பேர் ?

A. 170-27—6

[25th April 1960

A.—A statement giving the available information is given below—

Category.	Form of assistance.	Amount of assistance.	Remarks.
1 Evacuees from War zones, viz., Burma, Malaya, etc.	Under the scheme formulated by the Government of India financial assistance was given to the evacuees in the form of— (1) Monthly maintenance allowance. (2) Allowance for School education. (3) Advance for purchase of clothing, medicines, etc. (4) Capital advance for starting business, etc. (5) Advance for Typewriting shorthand, etc.	A scheme of financial assistance to the extent of Rs. 1,69,53,115 was sanctioned by the Government of India for their rehabilitation in this State. Under this scheme evacuees were given financial assistance with reference to their requirements from 1943 onwards.	The financial assistance was given with the intention of recovering the money in easy instalments in later years from the beneficiaries. In cases where recovery has become impossible the amounts due for recovery are written off as irrecoverable.
2 Indian evacuee orphans who had temporarily lost their parents overseas.	Under the scheme of long term maintenance, refugee orphans are given financial help till such time as they are settled in life. The expenditure is shared equally by the State Government and Government of India on a 50 : 50 basis.	The number of evacuee orphans and amount of assistance involved is very small. Fourteen orphans are now maintained in the districts of Chingleput, Tiruchirappalli, Coimbatore and Madras. An expenditure of Rs. 3,528.06 was incurred for the year ending 31st March 1959.	The scheme is in operation in the districts of Chingleput, Tiruchirappalli, Tanjore, Coimbatore and Madras under the control of collectors concerned. In Madras City it has been transferred to the control of the Collector of Madras from the Controller of Emigration.
3 Displaced students from West Pakistan.	A total sum of Rs. 90,747 was advanced as loan to various displaced students from Pakistan to prosecute their studies.	Out of the total advance of Rs. 90,747 was granted to various displaced students from Pakistan, a sum of Rs. 6,000 alone was met from the funds advanced by the Government of India for the purpose and the remaining was advanced from the State Funds.	Steps are being taken by the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, to recover the loans from them wherever they are recoverable and to write off wherever they are irrecoverable.

[25th April 1960]

Category.	Form of assistance.	Amount of assistance.	Remarks.
4 Displaced persons from West Pakistan.	The loans were sanctioned to the displaced persons by this Government from their own funds in the form of— (a) Urban loans for trade. (b) Housing loans.	(1) Urban loans for trade— Rs. 4,39,066.47 nP. (2) Housing loans— Rs. 1,74,545.12 nP.	The loans were sanctioned by this Government from their own funds and as already stated no financial assistance was received from the Centre in this regard. The Government of India have however agreed to reimburse this Government 50 per cent of all bona fide losses sustained by this Government in advancing loans to displaced persons. The matter has however not been finalised and a firm decision has yet to be taken by the Government of India. Details of the loans granted to displaced persons in this State are as follows :— (1) Urban loans for trade— Rs. 4,89,066.47 nP. (2) Housing loans— Rs. 1,74,545.12 nP. Steps are taken by the Collectors to recover the loans from the displaced persons wherever they are recoverable and to write-off wherever they are irrecoverable.



Higher Grade Teachers

383 Q.—SRI M. S. SELVARAJAN : Will the Hon. the Minister for Finance be pleased to state—

(a) the number of Higher Grade teachers who have qualified themselves by private study for appointment as Secondary Grade teachers in 1958 ; and

(b) the number among them in each district, who are not drawing the scale of pay admissible for Secondary Grade teachers ?

[25th April 1960]

A.—A statement is appended below—

Districtwise number of Higher Grade teachers who have qualified themselves by private study as Secondary Grade teachers in 1958.

1	Madras	65
2	Chingleput	24
3	Tanjore	85
4	Madurai	67
5	Ramanathapuram	46
6	Tirunelveli	157
7	South Arcot	52
8	Tiruchirappalli	60
9	North Arcot	90
10	Salem	57
11	Coimbatore	58
12	Nilgiris	23
Total ..		784

Districtwise number of these Higher Grade teachers who are not drawing the scale of pay admissible to Secondary Grade teachers.

1	Madras	16
2	Chingleput	6
3	Tanjore	29
4	Madurai	24
5	Ramanathapuram	21
6	Tirunelveli	81
7	South Arcot	15
8	Tiruchirappalli	24
9	North Arcot	63
10	Salem	23
11	Coimbatore	38
12	Nilgiris	5
Total ..		345

Secondary Grade teachers

384 Q.—திரு. வி. கே. கோதண்டராமன் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) செகண்டரி கிரேடு ஆசிரியராக பணியாற்றி செகண்டரி கிரேடு சம்பளம் பெற்று வந்த ஆசிரியர்களை ஹையர் கிரேடு ஸ்தாபனம் கொடுக்க வேண்டுமென் சர்க்கார் உத்தரவு இட்டுள்ளார்களா ?

(ஆ) அப்படியாயின் காரணமென்ன ?

A.—(a) No, Sir. Orders have been issued in March, 1958 to the effect that, from 1st April 1958, only those secondary grade teachers in elementary schools who are holding teaching posts specifically sanctioned as secondary grade posts will be eligible to be assessed for grant on the scale of Rs. 45—2—85. It was, however, provided that secondary grade teachers in service on the date of the Government Order who had already been sanctioned the secondary grade scale of pay should continue to be assessed for grant on the secondary grade scale treating this scale as personal to them.

(b) Does not arise.

Quarters for village level workers

385 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி: கனம் முதல் அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) கிராம முன்னேற்ற ஊழியர்களுக்கு “Village level workers” அரசாங்கம் கட்டிக்கொடுக்கும் வீடுகள் பற்றி மத்திய அரசாங்கம் சுற்றறிக்கை அனுப்பியுள்ளனரா ?

25th April 1960]

(ஆ) எத்தகைய யோசனைகள் கூறப்பட்டுள்ளன ?

(இ) அவைகள் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட்டனவா ?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Government of India have suggested that if the quarters are to serve as model houses for the villagers, they should be in tune with rural surroundings.

(c) The suggestions are being examined in consultation with the Chief Engineer (Highways).

Road works in Madurai district

386 Q.—SRI V. SANKARAN: Will the Hon. the Minister for Works be pleased to state—

(a) the number and particulars of the schemes proposed under the the State Second Five-Year Plan under “ Roads ” for Madurai district ;

(b) the estimated cost of the same ; and

(c) how far they have been implemented ?

A.—(a) to (c) The information is furnished below :—

Schemes sanctioned under Second Five-Year Plan.			Stage of schemes.		
Category.	Number.	Costs.	Com- pleted.	In progress.	To be taken up.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<i>Government roads.</i>					
		RS.			
Asphaltic concrete	3	4,68,000	2	1	..
Blacktopping	5	4,88,500	3	2	..
Improvements	8	3,17,000	4	3	1
Metalling	2	3,71,000	..	..	2
New Formation	1	35,000	..	1	..
Bridges and culverts	28	15,42,200	11	9	8
Total ..	47	32,21,700	20	16	11
<i>District roads.</i>					
Blacktopping	2	1,95,000	..	1	1
Improvements	2	85,000	..	1	1
Metalling	10	3,11,950	5	2	3
New Formation	109	25,31,200	59	35	15
Bridges and culverts	6	4,92,000	..	1	5
Total ..	129	36,15,150	64	40	25

Industrial Estates

387 Q.—SRI T. S. RAMASWAMI: Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state—

(a) the number of Industrial Estates and the number of buildings provided for each in this State ;

(b) the number occupied by Industrialists ;

(c) the date of completion of each of them ;

(d) the number unoccupied ; and

(e) if so, the reasons therefor ?

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A.—(a) to (e) The particulars of Industrial Estates and Colonies in this State, the number of factory buildings provided, constructed and occupied in each, the date of completion and the reasons for non-occupation are furnished in the statement below :—

Name of the Estate or colony.	Number of buildings provided.	Number of buildings constructed.	Date of completion.	Number of buildings occupied.	Number of buildings not yet occupied.	Reasons for non-occupation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(1) Industrial Estate, Guindy.	128	97	52 in October 1957. 26 in February 1959. 19 in October 1959.	94	3	The balance 3 buildings have been allotted but have not yet been handed over to the Industrialists pending making alternative arrangements for shifting the costly materials stocked in these units.
(2) Industrial Estate, Virdhunagar.	15	15	February 1959.	8	7	The allottees are awaiting the machines ordered by them. The Units are expected to start within the next three months.
(3) Industrial Colony, Erode.	7	7	April 1959	6	1	
(4) Industrial Colony, Madurai.	26	12	Do	12	..	
(5) Industrial Colony, Tirunelveli.	16	8	October 1959.	7	1	
(6) Industrial Colony, Tiruchirappalli.	22	14	June 1959.	6	8	
(7) Industrial Colony, Marthandam.	5	5	Do	4	1	
(8) Industrial Colony, Thanjavur.		8	The buildings are under construction.			

Co-operative farming societies

388 Q.—SRI T. S. RAMASWAMI : Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries, be pleased to state—

(a) the number of Co-operative Farming Societies now existing districtwise and the help by way of loan, subsidy and otherwise given by the Government to them ; and

(b) the details about the working of each society (whether they are running at a profit or loss) ;

A—(a) & (b). A statement furnishing the information is given below —

APPENDIX.

Statement showing Co-operative Farming Societies existing in the several districts of the State, their financial condition and the assistance given to them by Government.

District.	Name of the society.	Whether working at profit or loss.	Assistance given to the societies by Government.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Chingleput	1 Siruseri Land Colonisation Society ..	Neither profit nor loss ..	Land colonisation co-operative societies for Civilians.—Twenty-five Land Colonisation Co-operative Societies formed prior to the commencement of Second Five-Year Plan period are indebted to Government to the extent of Rs. 1.06 lakhs. (Particulars regarding the actual assistance sanctioned to them are not readily available.)
	2 Sendivakkam Colonisation Society ..	Loss	
	3 Karanaipuducherri Colonisation Society ..	Loss	
	4 Santhavellur Colonisation Society ..	Profit	
	5 Nelvoy Colonisation Society	Neither profit nor loss ..	Five Land Colonisation Co-operative Societies formed during the Second Five-year Plan period have been sanctioned the following assistance :— Rs Loan 73,385 Subsidy 57,335 Staff 3 Senior Inspectors of co-operative societies.
	6 Nemalur Colonisation Society	Profit	
	7 Sivagiri Joint Farming Society	Loss	
	8 Lattur Joint Farming Society	Neither profit nor loss ..	
North Arcot	9 Meyyur Gudapakkam Land Colonisation Society for ex-servicemen.	Profit	
	1 Valakkanatham Land Colonisation Society.	Profit	
	2 Moranam Land Colonisation Society ..	Loss	
South Arcot	3 Mecheri Joint Farming Society	Profit	
	1 Nainarpalayam Land Colonisation Society.	Profit	Guarantee for repayment of Loan advanced to all societies by the Central Bank.
	2 Periapattu Land Colonisation Society ..	Do.	16,000

Statement showing Co-operative Farming Societies existing in the several districts of the State their financial condition and the assistance given to them by Government!—cont.

District.	Name of the society,	Whether working at profit or loss.	Assistance given to the societies by Government.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
North Arcot—cont.	3 Pakkambadi Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		Land Colonization Co-operative Societies for Ex-servicemen.—Six Land Colonization Societies for Ex-servicemen have received the following assistance.
	4 Bangaram Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		
	5 Elavadipandian-Kuppam Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		
	6 Royarpalayam Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.	Formed recently	RS. Loan 17,375
	7 Thenpanparappi and Poosalpadi Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		Subsidy 3,94,199
	8 Velur Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		Staff four Senior Inspectors of co-operative Societies, one Co-operative Sub-Registrar, five peons and one Agricultural Maistry.
	9. Maruvamutham Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		
	10 Poosalpadi Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		
	11 Koohenyur Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		
	12 Indali Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		
	13 Pullur Land Colonisation Society for Harijans.		
Thanjavur	1 Thallikottai Land Colonisation Society .. Profit		Co-operative Joint and Collective Farming Societies.—Eleven Joint Farming Societies in the State have been sanctioned the following assistance :—
	2 Karuvaikkurachi Land Colonisation Society. Do.		
	3 Paruthikkottai Land Colonisation Society. Do.		
	4 Kongeyamapatti Land Colonisation Society. Do.		
	5 Avarampatti Land Colonisation Society .. Loss		
	6 Tirumangalakottai Land Colonisation Society for Ex-servicemen. Profit		

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7 Jambuvanodai Land Colonisation Society for Ex-servicemen.	Do.	..	..	..	Loan 2,98,740
8 Nallavanniankud.gadu Land Colonisation Society for Ex-servicemen.	Do.	..	..	..	Subsidy 91,690
9 Arasari Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands.)	Do.	..	..	..	Staff Nine Senior Inspectors of co-operative Societies, five Agricultural
10 Koilramapuram Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).	Do.	..	..	..	Fieldmen, 11 Agricultural Maistries one Deputy Tahsildar, one Lower Division Clerk and one peon.
11 Sirukadambur Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).	Do.	..	..	..	Rs.
12 Vakkaramari Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).	Loss	..	..	..	Guarantee for repayment of loans advanced to the societies by the Central Banks. 2,62,000
13 Thiagesa Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					
14 Melramansethi Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					One Collective Farming Society has been sanctioned with the following assistance:—
15 Kuttalam Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					
16 Nattiruppu Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					Rs.
17 Sambanarkoil Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					Loan 4,500
18 Thillaiyadi Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					Subsidy 5,000
19 Mangal Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).	Started working recently.				Staff One Senior Inspector of Co-operative Societies and one Agricultural Maistry.
20 Thirupugalore Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					Guarantee for repayment of loan given by the Central Bank. Rs. 15,000
21 Pulimangalam Tenants Farming Society (Temple lands).					
22 Mariamankoil Inam Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					
23 Kothamangalam Navaneethasamy Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).					

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Statement showing Co-operative Farming Societies existing in the several districts of the State their financial condition and the assistance given to them by Government—cont.

District.	Name of the society.	Whether working at profit or loss	Assistance given to the societies by Government
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Thanjavur—cont.	24 Kadiramangalam Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).		
	25 Thiruchenkadangudi Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).		
	26 Thirukadayur Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).		
	27 Valivalam Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).		
	28 Santhanamasamy Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).	} Started working recently.	
	29 Koilkadambanur Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).		
	30 Tirunarayur Tenant Farming Society (Temple lands).		
	31 Sri Vedappurisarwarar Tenants Farming Society (Temple lands).		
	32 Theetampet Tenants Farming Society (Temple lands).		
Madurai	4 Kamatchipuram Gramdan Sarvodaya Society.	Profit.	
	5 Old Batlagundu Gramdan Sarvodaya Society.	Loss.	
	6 Karichupatti Gramdan Sarvodaya Society.	Profit.	
	7 Valayapatti Gramdan Sarvodaya Society.	Do.	
	8 Perumalkoilpatti Gramdan Sarvodaya Society.	Loss.	
	9 Konayampatti Gramdan Sarvodaya Society.	Profit.	
Kanyakumari	10 A. Perumalkoilpatti Gramdan Sarvodaya Society.		
	11 Jari Usilampatti Gramdan Sarvodaya Society.	Do.	
	1 Kulasekarapuram Land Colonisation Society for Ex-servicemen.	Loss	

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Irrigation facilities to Vedaranyam

389 Q.—**திரு. அ. வேதரத்னம் :** கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) வேதாரண்யம் பிளாக் ஆலோசனைக் கமிட்டிக் கூட்டத்தில் மாணம் கொண்டான் ஆற்றுத் தண்ணீரை வேதாரண்யத்திற்கும், அதைச் சுற்றியுள்ள பிரதேசங்களுக்கும் பம்பிங் திட்டம் மூலம் பாசன வசதி கொடுப்பது பற்றி சிபாரிசு செய்திருக்கும் தீர்மானத்தின் பேரில் என்ன நடவடிக்கை எடுத்துக்கொள்ளப்பட்டிருக்கிறது?

(ஆ) மேற்படி ஆற்றில் முன்னமே எடுத்துக்கொண்ட ஐந்து பம்ப் இரிக்ஷன் திட்டங்களும் எப்போது அமுலுக்கு வரும்?

A.—(a) An approximate estimate for Rs. 2,00,000 has been prepared by the Executive Engineer, Vennar Division for installing pump sets at 5 or 6 places in Manangondan River at State cost. The Superintending Engineer, Thanjavur Circle, has called for detailed plans and estimates from the Executive Engineer for detailed examination.

(b) After detailed examination of the pumping scheme by the Superintending Engineer and the Collector of Thanjavur and after it is approved, further action will be taken by the Chief Engineer (Irrigation) to implement the scheme.

Houses for N.G.G.Os.

390 Q.—**SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR :** Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state the number of houses for the Non-Gazetted Government Officers in the various parts during the past two years and the money spent for the purpose?

A.—A statement showing the available particulars is appended below:—

Statement showing particulars of houses constructed for Non-Gazetted Government Officers during the last two years, amount spent, etc.

Name of the agency.	Place where the houses are constructed.	Number of houses constructed.	Amount spent.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) Rs.
City Improvement Trust.	Madras	98	7,84,000
Co-operative Department.	Madras	23	2,37,106
Co-operative Societies ..	Salem	2	18,000
Do. ..	Kanyakumari district ..	1	6,014
Do. ..	Madurai	6	66,800
Do. ..	Tanjore	5	44,808
Do. ..	South Arcot	1	8,400
Do. ..	Chingleput	9	72,530
Do. ..	Tiruchirappalli	4	4,045
Do. ..	Tirunelveli	1	4,000
Do. ..	North Arcot	6	42,733
Police Department	Madras	1,846	86,13,413
Do. ..	Coimbatore	2	5,600
Jail Department	Vellore	2	5,200
Do. ..	Coimbatore	8	10,000

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Statement showing particulars of houses constructed for Non-Gazetted Government Officers during the last two years, amount spent, etc.—cont.

Name of the agency.	Place where the houses are constructed.	Number of houses constructed.	Amount spent.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
			Rs.
Agricultural Department.	Ootacamund	1	5,500
Forest Department ..	(Places not specified) ..	32	(0.99 lakhs.)
Rural Development Department.	Tiruchirappalli	7	23,677
Do.	Tanjore	48	4,94,600
Do.	Salem	33	1,01,479
Do.	Tirunelveli	56	3,96,908
Do.	The Nilgiris	3	47,500
Do.	South Arcot	18	1,39,883
Do.	Kanyakumari	9	10,501
Do.	North Arcot	11	77,118
Do.	Madurai	8	60,143
Do.	Coimbatore	15	1,25,746
Do.	Ramanathapuram	16	2,13,312
Do.	Chingleput	40	2,76,233
Animal Husbandry Department.	Ramanathapuram district. Number not specified.		5,379
Do.	Tirunelveli	Do.	3,935
Do.	Madurai	Do.	4,794
Public Works Department.	Madras	416	12,13,340
Do.	Tiruchirappalli	1,325	45,76,104
Do.	Coimbatore	402	13,57,752
Do.	Tanjore	564	24,33,990
Do.	Special Building Circle.	570	24,45,452
Do.	Vaigai Project	704	7,80,300
Do.	Sathanur Project	170	5,49,820
Do.	Amaravathi Project	202	4,27,550
Do.	Mettur Project	63	Amount not known.
Do.	Lower Bhavani Project.	67	4,75,300
Do.	Krishnagiri Project	67	1,41,315
Do.	Manimuthar Project	16	1,41,515
Do.	Aranियar Project	153	84,022
		7,030	2,65,77,046-99

Waste lands in Tiruturaipundi taluk

391 Q.—திரு. அ. வேதரத்னம் : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்குப் பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) கனம் அமைச்சரவர்கள் 10-12-59ம் தேதி இந்த அவையில் அளித்த பதிலில் மேசையின் மேல் வைத்த பேப்பரில் கண்ட கிளாஸ் “ஸி” யில் கண்ட பாசன வசதியில்லாத பட்டாநிலம் திருத்துறைப்பூண்டி தாலுகாவில் எவ்வளவு இருக்கிறது?

(ஆ) அந்த நிலங்களுக்கெல்லாம் பாசன வசதி கொடுக்க திட்டமிருக்கிறதா? அதன் விவரமென்ன?

(இ) உதை நிறைவேற்ற என்ன ஏற்பாடு செய்யப்பட்டிருக்கிறது?

(ஈ) இவை எப்போது நிறைவேற்றப்படும்?

(உ) அந்த பகுதியில் கிளாஸ் ஜி-யில் கண்ட கவர்ன்மெண்டு வேஸ்ட் நிலம் அந்த தாலுகாவில் எவ்வளவு இருக்கிறது?

(ஊ) இதை நிலத்தைச் சாகுபடிக்குக் கொண்டுவர என்ன ஏற்பாடு செய்திருக்கிறது? அது எப்போது அமுலுக்கு வரும்?

A.—A paper is placed on the table of the House.

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Progress of work in Neyveli.

392 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR : Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state—

- (a) the stage of progress of work in Neyveli; and
- (b) the amount spent so far by our State?

A.—(a) The particulars are furnished in the annexure given below.

(b) The amount spent by our State up to 31st December 1954 is rupees seventy-six lakhs nineteen thousand and one hundred (Rs. 76,19,100). From 1st January 1955, Government of India assumed full responsibility for financing the Lignite Project at Neyveli.

ANNEXURE.

NOTE ON THE INTEGRATED LIGNITE PROJECT.

The Mining Scheme.—The detailed investigation and the preparation of a detailed Project Report having been completed, the Mining Scheme which is the parent scheme in the Integrated Project, was sanctioned towards the close of 1956 for execution, and is now in good progress. The scheme is for exploiting first an area of $5\frac{1}{2}$ square miles containing about 200 million tons of comparatively more easily mineable lignite, the intention being that with the experience gained in working this area, the remaining deposits could be easily won in the future. At the designed annual output, it would take about 57 years to work the first area. The method followed is open cast mining, as practised in Germany, utilising continuous Bucket Wheel Excavators for excavation. Belt Conveyor systems for the transport of the spoil as well as lignite, and slower spreaders for throwing back the spoil into the areas already worked; any other method would be difficult and uneconomic. These items of specialised mining equipment have to be manufactured on order and it would therefore naturally take time for the delivery. In order to push the Project through, conventional items of earthmoving equipment like scraper loaders, bottom dumpers, etc., were obtained and are now in action, excavating part of the overburden in the first mine cut which measures 6,100 feet in length with a width of 950 feet at the top. The development phase of the scheme consists of removal of overburden amounting to 27 million cubic yards from this first mine cut and the preparation of three benches leading down to the lignite. At the end of this development phase, the lignite seam will be exposed. The specialised items are being put into commission, one by one, after erection, and by the time the entire specialised equipment goes into commission, the conventional items which would also be working till then would have finished their useful lives.

Specialized mining machinery consisting of two small Bucket Wheel Excavators, one spreader and the component units of Belt Conveyors System were commissioned recently. The excavators have not yet worked to their full capacity and they are expected to put into full production shortly. Work on the erection of the second spreader was completed in November 1959. Work on the erection of the first large Bucket Wheel Excavator is in progress while erection of the second large Bucket Wheel excavator is expected to be taken up by March 1960.

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The excavations in practically four-fifths of the cut are now in hard state of the Cuddalore sandstone and the soil has to be loosened using explosives or softened by spraying water. The total quantity of overburden removed up to the December 1959 is about 10.3 million cubic yards.

A definite schemes for the artesian ground-water control is ready and on the basis of various pumping tests, the specifications of the drills, pumps and casing pipes required have been drawn up and action initiated for procurement. The final set of tests have also been conducted recently, pumping from some of the regular pump wells put down as part of the ground water control scheme, and on the results of these tests, the screens required for the pump wells, i.e., to allow the ingress of water into the wells to facilitate pumping and lowering of the pressure surface of the artesian water are being finalised. Regular pumping under the scheme for ground water control will be called for only after the excavations have reached a depth well beyond 100 feet below the ground level. During the later stages of the development phase and during the production phase of the Mining Scheme, pumping for ground-water control would be a continuous process, round the clock. Stand-by pump wells fitted with pumps and standby diesel generating sets capable of automatic starting are being provided, to ensure continuity of pumping, in the event of the failure of the main power supply. No great difficulty is anticipated in controlling the artesian water.

In short, the Mining Scheme is making very good and economic progress and the quantity of lignite required for the first unit of the Thermal Power Station in April 1961 will be available in time.

The Thermal Power Generation Scheme.—A Project Report for the Thermal Power Generation Scheme was prepared by the Planning Cell of the Central Water and Power Commission in 1957. Arrangements were made for obtaining the foreign exchange required from out of the 500 million rouble credit offered by the U.S.S.R. After an agreement had been concluded by the Government of India with the Government of U.S.S.R. for the provision of the 500 million rouble credit, a separate contract was entered into in December 1957 by the Neyveli Lignite Corporation with Technoexport, Moscow, for the preparation, by Technoexport, of a detailed Project Report in such a manner as to facilitate the speedy placing of orders for the machinery and equipment required after the acceptance of the report. A team of Indian specialists of the Central Water and Power Commission, Planning Cell, was also deputed to Moscow to participate actively in the preparation of the detailed report. Technoexport submitted their detailed Project Report in the latter half of October 1958 and the proposals therein were accepted subject to slight modifications, within the couple of months stipulated in the contract.

A contract with Messrs. Technoexport, Moscow, was concluded on 6th May 1959 for the supply of plant, machinery and equipment for the Thermal Power Station. According to the terms of this contract, the equipment costing Rs. 12 crores, C.I.F., Madras, should be supplied by Messrs. Technoexport commencing six months after the signing of the contract and ending with last quarter of 1961.

For the procurement of construction equipment excluding items available in India, required for the construction of the Thermal Power Station, three agreements were concluded with Messrs. Machinoexport, Stankiomport and Techmaimport, Moscow. These items of equipment are to be supplied by the above firms before June 1960.

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The Power Station that will be put up will have five units, each of 50 MW or 50,000 KW, so that a continuous supply of 200 MW would be assured, as planned. The first unit of the Power Station is expected to be commissioned in the second quarter of 1961, by which time the Mining Scheme as carefully planned, would be definitely in a position to supply the lignite required. The entire Power Station is expected to be completed before the middle of 1962.

Civil works such as Administrative Block, Canteen, Storage, sheds, etc., connected with the Scheme have almost been completed while the foundation and concreting for the Power House and work on the Lake Pump House are in progress. The first team of candidates selected for deputation to U.S.S.R for training under 'Power Generation Scheme left India on 19th November 1959.

The Fertilizer Scheme.—Taking into account the requirements and the production contemplated in the various regions in the country, it has been decided that the Neyveli Fertilizer Scheme for the production of Nitrogenous fertilisers with a fixed nitrogen content of 70,000 tons per annum, should be for the production of urea only. The Project Report for the production of 152,000 tons of urea per annum, was prepared and approved and the Scheme was sanctioned by the Government of India towards the end of December 1957, subject to credit facilities being available in respect of the foreign exchange requirements for the procurement and erection of plant and machinery. The specifications for the plant and machinery were drawn up and global tenders for the supply and erection of the plant and machinery were published in May 1958. There was a good response and the tenders received for the supply and erection of plant and machinery for the Fertilizer Plant were scrutinised. After difficult and protracted negotiations with the prospective tenderers in regard to payment terms, etc., contracts were signed in the end of October 1959 with Messrs. Ansaldo, Genoa, Italy, and Messrs. P.B.L. Federal Republic of Germany, for supply and erection of plant. The plant and machinery under the contract are to be shipped from the 10th month and completed within the 26th month, and the erection will be completed within 32 months from the date of commencement of contract.

Tenders received for design and supervision of civil works have been finalised and the contractor selected.

Investigations on water treatment, corrosion tests and urea storage are continued. The commercial production of urea is expected to commence by about April 1963. The factory will probably be the largest urea factory in the world, producing the fertiliser by the total recycle process. The total cost of the scheme is estimated at Rs. 26.10 crores.

The Briquetting and Carbonising Scheme.—Apart from the detailed analyses and tests conducted in the field laboratory at Neyveli, and in the Fuel Research Institute, Jealgora, bulk samples of lignite were sent abroad and analysed and tested and small quantities of raw briquettes were made and carbonised in Germany as well as in the United States. Expert opinion in those countries indicated that experiments on a pilot scale in the climatic and other conditions prevailing at Neyveli itself would be desirable before deciding on the moisture and other conditions at which the raw lignite should be briquetted and the temperature and other conditions at which those briquettes should be carbonised and generally to facilitate the drawing up of specifications for the machinery and equipment required for the scheme. Arrangements

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were accordingly made for the installation of a pilot Briquetting and Carbonising Plant at Neyveli, under T.C.M. Aid. Arrivals of equipment for the pilot plant were completed only early in 1958 and the erection of the pilot plant was completed in record time in May 1958. Experiments were completed towards the end of the year and the results fully confirmed the results of the Laboratory tests previously done in India as well as the tests and analyses on bulk samples conducted abroad. The Project Report and specifications for plant and equipment for the establishment of a Briquetting and Carbonising Plant were drawn up and approved by the Board. The Government of India gave their approval in June 1959 for calling for tenders and the tenders since received through the India Supply Mission, Washington, are under scrutiny.

The China Washing Scheme.—China and ball clay of excellent quality occurs in the overburden strata immediately above the lignite. Plastic fire clay also occurs in large quantities. All these clays will be removed as part of the overburden. Analyses and tests conducted at Neyveli and elsewhere indicate that the china clay when washed would be of excellent quality, eminently suitable for the manufacture of ceramics, particularly high and low tension insulators, sanitary ware, crockery, etc., and for use in the textile, rubber, paper and chemical industries, which import good quality china clay from abroad. It is therefore proposed to undertake a modest clay washing scheme and to set up a small clay washing plant at Neyveli.

The Project Report and specifications for the establishment of a Clay Washing Plant have been prepared and considered by the Board. The approval of the Government of India for the issue of tender notice had been obtained and tenders since received are under consideration.

General.—Out of 26,750 acres of land to be acquired for the Project, an extent of 11,057 acres had been acquired so far. Work in connection with further acquisition is in progress.

The programme of rehabilitation of persons displaced by the acquisition of land, went on side by side with the acquisition. An extent of 3,090 acres of forest area had so far been cleared for rehabilitating the displaced persons in the three forest areas of Kuppanatham, M. Parur and Karmangudi, out of the seven forest areas placed at the disposal of the Corporation by the Government of Madras. So far, 435 displaced families have moved to the three colonies.

A township consisting of 31 blocks with all modern amenities like parks, schools, shops, hospital, etc., has been planned to accommodate offices, factories, staff and workers of the different units of the Integrated Project. It is to be constructed according to a phased programme. Out of 2,952 quarters targeted to be completed to the end of March 1960 in the Township, 2,873 quarters were taken up so far of which 1,162 quarters were completed. Some of the non-residential buildings were also completed while work on others was in progress.

A main railway siding about four miles long has been laid from Oomangalam Railway Station, three miles away from Neyveli, to facilitate easy transport of materials and machinery to the work spot during the production stage. The supergrade work has been completed and the track has been made fit for goods traffic. Laying of branch lines to the site of the Industrial units is in progress.

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Opening of a Sub-Post Office in Melmalayanur

393 Q.—திரு. கு. கோபால கவுண்டர் : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) செஞ்சி தாலுகா மேல்மலையனூர் கிராமத்தில் சப்-போஸ்ட் ஆபீஸ் வைக்கும்படி அரசாங்கத்துக்கு கோரிக்கை வந்ததா ?

(ஆ) அப்படியானால் அதன்பேரில் என்ன நடவடிக்கை எடுத்துள்ளது ?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The representation was forwarded to the Postal authorities. Our information is that the Postal authorities do not consider that there is any statistical or financial justification as per prescribed departmental standards for the upgrading of the office and the provision of telegraph facilities.

Laying of new Railway lines

394 Q.—திரு. கு. கோபால கவுண்டர் : கனம் பொது மராமத்து அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) சின்னசேலம்-செங்கல்பட்டு ரயில் பாதை அமைப்பதுபற்றி பரிசீலனை முடிந்துவிட்டதா ?

(ஆ) அப்படியானால் எப்பொழுது வேலை ஆரம்பிக்கப்படும் ?

A.—(a) Our information is that a traffic survey for a new railway line between Chinnasalem and Chingleput was conducted by the Southern Railway in 1957 and that no Engineering Survey has so far been done.

(b) This does not arise until the new railway line is sanctioned by the Government of India.

395 Q.—திரு. பி. எஸ். கே. லட்சுமிபதி ராஜு : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

பழனி, தாராபுரம், திருப்பூர், சாம்ராஜ்யநகர் வழியாக மைசூர் ராஜ்யத்துடன் தொடர்புகொள்ளும் ரயில் பாதை திட்டம் எந்த நிலையிலுள்ளது ?

A.—No such line has been recommended by this Government for inclusion in the Third Five-Year Plan.

Bifurcation of certain panchayats

396 Q.—திரு. கு. கோபால கவுண்டர் : கனம் முதல் அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) செஞ்சி தாலுகாவில் வடுகப்பூண்டி, சங்கிலிகுப்பம், ஆத்திப்பட்டு, துத்திப்பட்டு, தே.பேட்டை, தெப்பட்டு பஞ்சாயத்துக்களில் உள்ள கிராமங்களை பிரித்து தனித்தனி பஞ்சாயத்துக்களாக அரசாங்கத்துக்கு கோரிக்கை வந்ததா ?

(ஆ) அதன்பேரில் அரசாங்கம் என்ன நடவடிக்கை எடுத்துள்ளது ?

A.—(a) & (b) The matter is under the consideration of the Government.

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Teachers' Training Schools

397 Q.—திரு. கு. கோபால கவுண்டர் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) தென்னாற்காடு ஜில்லாவில் ஆசிரியர் பயிற்சி பள்ளிகள் திறக்கும்படி எந்தெந்த தாலுகாவிலிருந்து அரசாங்கத்திற்குக் கோரிக்கை வந்தது ?

(ஆ) அதன்பேரில் அரசாங்கம் என்ன நடவடிக்கை எடுத்துள்ளது ?

A.—(a) Requests for opening new Basic Training Schools have been received from the following taluks :—

(1) Tindivanam.

(2) Tirukkoyilur.

(3) Gingee.

(b) As regards the request from Gingee taluk it is reported that the locality suggested by the person who made the request is not suitable for the location of the training school. The applicant has been informed accordingly by the Director of Public Instruction. Statistical particulars are being gathered to assess the additional training facilities to be provided in each district with a view to training more teachers to implement the scheme of Compulsory Education during the Third Five-Year Plan. The request for opening new training schools will be considered in the light of these particulars.

All-India Electricity Board

398 Q.—திரு. ச. மொ. அண்ணாமலை : மின்சார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்குப் பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) அகில இந்திய மின்சார போர்டு ஏற்படுவதைக் குறித்து மத்திய சர்க்கார் மாநில சர்க்காரைக் கேட்டார்களா ?

(ஆ) அப்படியாயின் மாநில சர்க்கார் என்ன பதில் அனுப்பினார்கள் ?

A.—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Inland Fishermen Co-operative Societies

399 Q.—திரு. ச. மொ. அண்ணாமலை : கனம் ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபன அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 16-12-1959-ல் நட்சத்திரக் குறியிடாத கேள்வி எண் 61-க்கு அளித்த பதிலையொட்டி வடாற்காடு மாவட்டத்திலுள்ள உள்நாட்டு மீனவர் சங்கங்களுக்கு சர்க்கார் தந்த கடன்தொகை எவ்வளவு ?

(ஆ) எந்தெந்த சங்கங்களுக்கு எவ்வளவு பணம் தரப்பட்டுள்ளது ?

A.—(a) No loan was granted.

(b) Does not arise.

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Export of fish

400—

400 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபன அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த ராஜ்யத்திலிருந்து மீன் ஏற்றுமதி செய்யப்படுகிறதா ?

(ஆ) ஏற்றுமதியின் மதிப்பீடு எவ்வளவு ?

A.—(a) Only cured fish is exported from this State to other countries, chiefly to Ceylon, Malaya and Singapore.

(b) The quantity and value of the cured fish exported are as follows :—

Year.	Quantity. TONS.	Value. (RS. IN LAKHS.)
1957-58	18,950	327
1958-59	19,110	328.2

Vehicles for the transport of fish

401 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR : Will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration be pleased to state—

(a) the number of vehicles that are at present functioning under the “Quick Transport Facilities Scheme” under the Grow More Fish Scheme ;

(b) the total number of vehicles that are available ; and

(c) the amount of loss incurred in this scheme in each year in the past two years ?

A.—(a) Five vehicles.

(b) Nine.

(c) The scheme is working at a loss of Rs. 35,000 per annum on the average, after the reduction of hire charges ordered by the Government in August 1956. The exact amount of loss incurred during each of the past two years has not yet been arrived at.

Fishing rights for Periyar and Mettur lakes

40 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR : Will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration be pleased to state—

(a) whether fishing right in Periyar and Mettur lakes is leased or licensing system is followed; and

(b) the amount realised to the State for the fish caught in these lakes ?

A.—(a) The Fishery of the Mettur Reservoir is not leased out but is conserved by a system of licensing. There is neither leasing nor licensing of fishing right in Periyar lake, since the Fisheries department has not taken over the Fishery in Periyar lake yet.

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(b) The amount realised from the Mettur Reservoir for the period from 1956-57 to 1959-60 (up to February 1960) is given below :—

Years.	RS.	NP.
1956-57	18,617	53
1957-58	19,832	51
1958-59	17,195	69
1959-60 (upto February 1960) ..	20,077	57

Survey of agricultural debt

403 Q.—திரு ச. மொ. மண்ணமலை : கனம் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்குப் பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) விவசாயிகளின் கடன் எவ்வளவு என்று சர்வே செய்யப் பட்டதா ?

(ஆ) அப்படியாயின் அதன் விபரமென்ன ?

A.—(a) & (b) The attention of the Member is invited to the statement placed on the table of the House in reply to starred Question No. 288 answered on 30th October 1958 which is reproduced below for easy reference :—

STATEMENT.

In the year 1892, the Government of Madras entrusted Sir Frederick Nicholson with the task of making an estimate of the volume of agricultural debt. As a result of his enquiry, Sir Frederick Nicholson concluded that the amount of rural indebtedness at the beginning of any harvest was about Rs. 45 crores for the Madras State as then constituted.

2. In 1930, the Madras Provincial Banking Enquiry Committee made an estimate of the rural indebtedness of the Province and it chose four districts including Coimbatore and Madurai for investigation. On the basis of the data, the Committee considered that the total debt for the Province as then constituted was in the neighbourhood of Rs. 150 crores.

3. In 1935, an enquiry into agricultural indebtedness was carried out by Sri W. R. S. Saththianadhan, I.C.S. He estimated the total agricultural debt at about Rs. 200 crores in the State as then constituted.

4. In 1944, the Government appointed Dr. B. V. Narayanaswamy Naidu to enquire into the extent of agricultural indebtedness. He estimated the total debt in 1945 as Rs. 218 crores for Madras State as then constituted.

5. In 1951, the Reserve Bank of India conducted an All-India Rural Credit Survey. In Madras State as it is now constituted the districts of Chingleput, Ramanathapuram and Coimbatore were selected and a survey made in eight typical villages in each district. It was found that the average debt was Rs. 745 per family.

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Misappropriation of panchayat funds

404 Q.—திரு. அ. வேதரத்னம் : கனம் முதல் அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) மன்னார்குடி தாலுகா மண்ணுக்குமுண்டான் பஞ்சாயத்தில் கையாடல் சம்பந்தமாக 15-12-1959-ல் புகார் மகஜர் அவ்வூர் கிராமவாசிகளிடமிருந்து கிடைத்ததா ?

(ஆ) அப்படியானால் அதன்பேரில் எடுத்துக்கொண்ட நடவடிக்கை என்ன ?

A.—(a) A petition has been received by the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards.

(b) The Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards has called for a detailed report from the District Panchayat Officer which is awaited.

Elephants to religious institutions

405 Q.—திரு. அ. வேதரத்னம் : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) சேர்விலைஞ்சூர் யானைக்குட்டிகள் வழங்கப்பட்டனவா ?

(ஆ) எந்தெந்த கோயில்களுக்கு, எத்தனை யானைகள், என்ன விலைக்கு கொடுக்கப்பட்டன ?

A.—(a) No Sir. Not directly by the State Forest department.

(b) Recently the State Forest department sold two male elephant calves at a cost of Rs. 1,500 and 1,800 to two private persons who wanted to present them to the Sornakaleeswarar Temple at Kaliyarkoil and the Sri Ramanathaswamy Temple at Rameswaram respectively.

406 Q.—திரு. மா.பா. சாரதி : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த இராஜ்ய வன இலகாவினால் பிடிக்கப்பட்டு மதத்துறை தீறுவனங்கட்கு கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள யானைகள் எவ்வளவு ?

(ஆ) எந்தெந்த ஸ்தாபனங்கட்குக் கொடுக்கப்பட்டன ?

(இ) யானைகளைக் கொடுப்பதோடு அதற்கான பராமரிப்பு செலவுக்கான உதவிகள் வழங்கப்பட்டனவா ?

A.—(a) None, Sir.

(b) & (c) Do not arise.

Building for the State Police Headquarters

407 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த மாநில தலைமை காவல் துறை நிலயத்தில் (State Police Headquarters) புதிதாகக் கட்டிடங்கள் கட்டப்படுகின்றனவா ?

(ஆ) எவ்வளவு செலவில், என்ன உபயோகத்திற்கு ?

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A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Government have sanctioned the construction of an annexure to the Office of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, C.I.D., Madras, in the compound of the State Police Headquarters at an estimated cost of Rs. 75,900 for providing additional accommodation to the executive and ministerial staff of the C.I.D., as the space now available is quite inadequate.

Finger Print Bureau

408 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த இராஜ்யத்தில் கைவிரல் பதிவு நிலையம் எவ்வளவு காலமாக இயங்கி வருகிறது ?

(ஆ) அந்த நிலையத்தைச் சேர்ந்த ஊழியர்களின் சேவை வெளி ராஜ்யங்களில் எங்கெங்கு அருமதிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது ?

(இ) அவ்வாறு சேவை செய்யச் சென்றுள்ளோர் எவ்வளவு பேர் ?

A.—(a) From 22nd August 1895.

(b) Pondicherry and Kerala States and to the Government of India.

(c)—

Pondicherry. Kerala. Government of India.

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Co-operative Training Institutes

409 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் கைத்தொழில் அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த இராஜ்யத்தில் எத்தனை கூட்டுறவு பயிற்சி நிலையங்கள் (Co-operative Training Institutes) உள்ளன ?

(ஆ) அவைகளில் ஆண்டு தோறும் எவ்வளவு பேருக்குப் பயிற்சி அளிக்க வசதி செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளன ?

(இ) இப்போது எவ்வளவு பேர் பயிற்சி பெற்றுக் கொண்டிருக்கின்றனர் ?

(ஈ) வட ஆற்காடு மாவட்டத்தில் ஓர் பயிற்சி நிலையம் ஆரம்பிக்க உத்தேசிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளதா ? எப்போது ?

A.—(a) Six.

(b) About 1,000 candidates.

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(c) The details are furnished below :—

Name of the institute.	Actual number of candidates undergoing training.	
	Non-official.	Departmental.
(1)	(2)	(3)
1 Samiappa Co-operative Training Institute, Thanjavur.	213	112
2 Ramalingam Co-operative Training Institute, Coimbatore.	247	71
3 Pandiyanadu Co-operative Training Institute, Madurai.	324	127
4 Nachiappa Co-operative Training Institute, Salem.	197	..
5 Kancheepuram Co-operative Training Institute, Kancheepuram.	160	..
6 Central Co-operative Training Institute, Madras.	..	258

NOTE.—Normally candidates selected for employment in Co-operative Department, viz., Senior and Junior Inspectors of Co-operative Societies are trained at the Central Co-operative Institute, Madras. To cope with the increased demand for trained personnel as a result of the implementation of various Plan schemes we have stepped up the pace of recruitment. As the Central Co-operative Training Institute, Madras, is not in a position to train all the candidates recruited for the department, the spill-over is sent to undergo training at the Co-operative Training Institutes at Tanjore, Coimbatore and Madurai, which have been provided with necessary staff and funds for this purpose.

(d) A proposal to start a new training institute either in North Arcot district or Tiruchirappalli district is being considered for inclusion in the Third Five-Year Plan.

Treatment for cancer

410 Q.—திரு மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் ரெவினியூ அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த இராஜ்யத்தில் புற்றுநோய் சிகிச்சைக்கான வசதி எந்தெந்த மருத்துவ மனைகளில் இருக்கின்றன ?

(ஆ) இந்த ஆண்டில் எந்தெந்த மருத்துவ மனைகளுக்கு புதிதாக அந்த வசதி அளிக்க உத்தேசிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது ?

(இ) எத்தனை பேருக்குச் சென்றாண்டு சிகிச்சை அளிக்கப்பட்டது ?

A.—(a) & (c) The particulars are furnished in the annexure given below.

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ANNEXURE.

<i>Names of the hospitals where facilities for treatment of cancer are available.</i>	<i>Number of persons treated during 1959.</i>
(1)	(2)
1 Barnard Institute of Radiology, Government General Hospital, Madras.	1,311
2 Government Stanley Hospital, Madras.	493
3 Government Hospital for Women and Children, Madras . .	1,086
4 Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Madras	39
5 Government Erskine Hospital, Madurai	694
6 Government Raja Mirasdar District Headquarters Hospital, Thanjavur.	139
7 The Cancer Institute, Adyar, Madras	1,626
8 The Scudder Memorial Hospital, Ranipet, North Arcot district.	46
9 The Christian Medical College and Hospital, Vellore, North Arcot.	971

(b) None.

நடுவெண்

411 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் ரெவினியூ அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த இராஜ்யத்தில் கண் வைத்தியம் செய்வதற்கு விசேடப் பயிற்சி பெற்ற நிபுணர்கள் எவ்வளவு பேர்கள் உள்ளனர்—மாவட்ட வாரியாக ?

(ஆ) இத்துறை நிபுணர்களை அதிகரிக்க என்ன நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப் பட்டுள்ளது ?

A.—(a)

South Arcot	4
North Arcot	3
Chingleput	Nil.
Coimbatore	4
Kanyakumari	1
Madurai	9
Ramanathapuram	1
Salem	4
The Nilgiris	1
Thanjavur	3
Tiruchirappalli	4
Tirunelveli	4
Madras City	42

(b) Post-graduate Diploma and Degree courses in Ophthalmology are conducted in the Madras Medical College, Madras, with a view to training doctors in the speciality of Ophthalmology. Twelve candidates are admitted each year, in two batches of six, each, to the Diploma course, which is of one year duration. Two candidates are admitted each year for the two-year degree course.

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Audit system in municipalities

412 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபன அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த இராஜ்யத்தில் எத்தனை நகராட்சி மன்றங்களில் நிரந்தர தணிக்கை முறை அமுலில் உள்ளது?

(ஆ) மேலும், எந்த நகர மன்றங்களில் அந்த முறை அமுல் நடத்தப்படவிருக்கின்றது?

(இ) வேலூரில் எப்போது அம்முறை அமுல் செய்யப்படும்?

A.—(a) The concurrent audit is in force in four municipalities with large incomes, viz., Madurai, Coimbatore, Salem and Tiruchirappalli.

(b) & (c) There is no proposal at present to introduce the concurrent audit in Vellore or in any other Municipal Council in the State.

413 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபன அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) இந்த ராஜ்யத்திலுள்ள நகராட்சி மன்றங்களில் 1957-58, 1958-59 ஆண்டுகளுக்கான வரவு செலவுக்கான தணிக்கை (Audit of accounts) முடிக்கப்படாமல் ஏதேனும் இருக்கின்றனவா?

(ஆ) அப்படியாயின், எந்தெந்த நகராட்சி மன்றங்களில்?

(இ) வேலூர் நகராட்சி மன்றத்தில் கடைசியாகத் தணிக்கை எப்போது முடிந்தது?

A.—(a) No Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) 1958-59.

Lands acquired for Bhavanisagar Dam

414 Q.—திரு. என். மருதாசலம் : கனம் பொது மராமத்து அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) பவானிசாகர் அணைக்கட்டுக்காக சர்க்கார் விவசாயிகளிடமிருந்து எடுத்துக்கொண்ட நிலம் எவ்வளவு ஏக்கர்?

(ஆ) சர்க்கார் தேவைக்குப்போக, பாக்கி தரிசாக இருக்கும் நிலங்கள் எவ்வளவு?

(இ) அந்த நிலங்களை பொங்காறு விவசாயிகள் விவசாயம் செய்து கொள்வதற்கு சர்க்காருக்கு பல முறை விண்ணப்பித்துள்ளார்களா?

(ஈ) அதன்மேல் சர்க்கார் எடுத்துக்கொண்ட நடவடிக்கை என்ன?

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A.—(a) 7,389.50 acres.

(b) The actual extent of lands that will lie waste over and above the requirements of Government will be known only after watching the development of the Project for 3 or 4 years.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) Action is being taken to lease out the surplus lands on yearly basis, preference being given to the original owners.

Government Research Station at Bhavanisagar

415 Q.—திரு என். மருதாசலம் : கனம் உள் விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்குப் பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) பவானிசாகர் சர்க்கார் ஆராய்ச்சிப் பண்ணைக்கு எத்தனை ஏக்கர் நிலம் இருக்கிறது?

(ஆ) அந்த ஆராய்ச்சிப் பண்ணையில் நஷ்டம் எவ்வளவு? லாபம் எவ்வளவு?

A.—(a) (i) Total area of the farm—364.69 acres.

(ii) Total cultivable area—307.80 acres.

(b)			
	1956-57.	1957-58.	1958-59.
	RS.	RS.	RS.
Gain	5,706	..	..
Loss	..	11,532	18,023

Extent of waste lands in the North Arcot district

416 Q.—திரு சா. மொ. அண்ணாமலை : கனம் உள் விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 1959-ம் வருஷம் டிசம்பர் மாதம் 17-ம் தேதி நட்சத்திரக் குறியிடாத கேள்வி எண். 168-க்கு அளித்த பதிலையொட்டி வடாற்காடு மாவட்டத்தில் இதுவரை பயன்படுத்தப்படாமல் இருக்கும் தரிசு நிலங்களைப் பயன்படுத்த சர்க்கார் என்ன தீவிர நடவடிக்கைகள் எடுத்துள்ளனர்?

(ஆ) இரண்டாவது ஐந்தாண்டுத் திட்ட முடிவிற்குள் எல்லா நிலங்களும் பயன்படுத்தப்படுமா?

A.—(a) & (b) The Agricultural department is taking steps to bring more waste lands under cultivation by hiring out tractors to ryots under the Tractor-Hiring Scheme and these efforts are being continued and it is hoped that it may be possible to reach the targetted area under the Second Five-Year Plan.

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District Board Employees' Conference held at Vellore

417 Q.—**திரு வி. கே. கோதண்டராமன் :** கனம் ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபா அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 1960-ம் வருஷம் ஜனவரி மாதம் 5, 6 தேதிகளில் வேலூரில் நடந்த Madras State District Board Employees' (Superior) Conference-ல் ஏகமனதாக நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட தீர்மானங்களின் நகல்கள் சர்க்காருக்கு அனுப்பி வைக்கப்பட்டனவா?

(ஆ) என்னென்ன தீர்மானங்கள்?

(இ) அவைகளின் மீது எடுக்கப்பட்ட நடவடிக்கை என்ன?

(ஈ) மேற்படி மகாநாட்டில் அமைச்சர்கள் திரு எம். பக்தவத்சலம், திருமதி லுர்தம்மாள் சைமன் ஆகியோர்கள் கலந்துகொண்டார்களா?

(உ) அவர்கள் என்ன உறுதி கொடுத்தார்கள்?

(ஊ) விவரம் என்ன?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A copy of the resolutions is shown in the Annexure below.

(c) The resolutions are being examined.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) & (f) The Government have no report.

ANNEXURE

Proceedings of the Madras State District Board Employees' (Superior) Conference held on 5th and 6th January 1960 at Vellore (North Arcot).

1. Resolved to elect Sri T. L. Veeraperumal, B.A., Secretary, District Board, Tanjore, as President of the State Conference and also to preside over the deliberations of the Subjects Committee.

2. Resolved to send the following telegram to—

(1) The Chief Minister.

(2) The Minister for Local Administration.

(3) The Secretary to Government, Rural Development and Local Administration Department.

(4) The Additional Development Commissioner.

(5) The Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards, and

(6) All Regional Inspectors of Municipal Councils and Local Boards-care Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards. "Madras State District Board Employees meeting in Conference at Vellore anxiously awaiting betterment in the new set up-request that for appointment to all posts from the Panchayat Union Commissioners to the Lower Division Clerks and Attenders, the District Board staff alone be absorbed even from the first phase as without such absorption

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they will be left in the lurch. It is only the District Board that is split up into Panchayat Union Councils. Therefore the claims of District Board Employees alone should be considered for all posts.

3. *Resolved* to request the Government—

(i) to absorb the Secretaries of District Board as Commissioners of first Grade Municipalities or Secretaries of District Development Councils.

(ii) to absorb the District Board Educational Officers as Secretaries of the Secondary Education Board to be set up for administering Secondary Schools.

(iii) to absorb the Superintendents and Revenue Officers of the District Boards as Commissioners of Panchayat Union Councils, Commissioners of Municipalities, Divisional Panchayat Officers and in similar corresponding posts in District Development Councils.

(iv) to absorb Upper Division Clerks as Assistant Development Officers, Managers of Panchayat Union Councils and similar corresponding posts in the Development Councils and the Secondary Education Councils.

(v) to absorb as Upper Division Clerks in Panchayat Union Councils and District Development Councils all Lower Division Clerks and typists who have passed the Account Test but could not be promoted in the District Board as Upper Division Clerks for want of vacancies.

(vi) to absorb attenders who have put in a service of not less than five years as Lower Division Clerks in the Panchayat Union Councils and District Development Councils without insisting on their passing the Madras Public Service Commission examination.

(vii) to request the Government to treat the cadre of typists and lower division clerks as one and the same and make the posts interchangeable without any fresh probation in the new post.

(viii) to absorb the qualified Licence Inspectors under the District Board to Panchayat Union Councils to attend the Public Health Works and licensing of Dangerous and offensive trades since the functions of control and exercise of dangerous and offensive trades stand transferred to the Panchayat Union Councils or Health Inspectors or Deputy Panchayat Officers with service benefits.

4. *Resolved* to request the Government that the prescription of qualifications and age limit, if any, for the recruitment to various posts under both District Development Councils and Panchayat Union Councils should not affect the legitimate claims of the District Board employees from being absorbed or promoted to such posts in view of their service and experience under the District Board and to treat them on a par with Government servants in respect of all emoluments, concessions, etc.

5. *Resolved* to request the Government to extend the pension scheme to ministerial employees also of the present District Board as in the case of teachers.

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6. *Resolved* to constitute a Central Association of the District Board Employees in the State and to obtain the recognition of the Government.

NOTE.—The North Arcot District Board Employee's Association is authorised to take necessary action in this regard.

7. *Resolved* to request the Government to appoint those who have worked as Election Officers in the cadre of Deputy Panchayat Officers on a temporary basis to be appointed as Extension Officers for Panchayats as was done in the case of Executive Officers.

8. This conference resolves to request the Government to absorb Stenographers in the District Boards as Stenographers in the District Development Councils.

9. *This Conference resolves* to constitute a committee consisting of one member from each District Association to wait on a deputation to meet the Chief Minister, Minister for Local Administration, Health Minister, Secretaries of the Departments concerned and the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards, Madras to represent the grievances of the District Board employees.

10. *Resolved* to request the State Government to appoint Lower Division Clerks and Typists who have put in five years of service as Upper Division Clerks in the District Boards and proposed Panchayat Unions.

11. *Resolved* to request the State Government to appoint clerical Attenders who put in five years of service as Lower Division Clerks in District Board and proposed Panchayat Union Councils.

12. *This Conference wishes* to place on record its deep sense of appreciation for the efforts taken by the North Arcot District Board Employees' Association to hold a State Conference at this critical moment and the valuable services rendered by all the members of that association in making the function a grand success.

Awards for the planting of trees

418 Q.—திரு. அ. வேதரத்தினம் : கனம் உள் விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) நம் மாநிலத்தில் மரம் நடு விழா சம்பந்தமாகப் பரிசுத் திட்டம் நடத்தப்பட்டு வருகிறதா ?

(ஆ) அதன் விபரமென்ன ?

(இ) அதில் வெற்றி பெற்றவர்களின் முழு விவரங்கள் என்ன ?

(ஈ) மத்திய சர்க்கார் இதற்கு ஏதேனும் உதவி தருகிறார்களா ? அதன் விபரம் என்ன ?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Government of India have drawn up a scheme of prize competition in order to provide the necessary incentive and to encourage the planting of trees and their after care. In the case of the State and Regional awards, the State Government will select the prize winners

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on the basis of the recommendation made by the State Standing Committee on Tree Planting and their names will be forwarded to the Government of India for consideration of their claims for the award of the All India Prizes.

(c) I. *State Award*—

1. State Silver Shield (Best district) Tanjore district.

II. *State Regional prize Schemes*—

1. Southern Region Kanyakumari.
2. Eastern Region Tanjore.
3. Central Region North Arcot.

III. *The best village in each Revenue division*—

1. Nagapattinam Division Valkai Village.
2. Pollachi Division Vadugapalayam Village.
3. Nilgiris Division Nellyam Village.
4. Padmanabhapuram Division Vadasery Village.
5. Chingleput Division Chitravadi Village.
6. Tiruvallur Division Krishnapuram Village.

IV. *The Best Class I and Class II Panchayats in each district*—

(a) *Class I Panchayats*—

- (1) Ponneri (Chingleput district).
- (2) Palladam (Coimbatore district).

(b) *Class II Panchayats*—

- (1) Ponnana (Aruvikara) (Kanyakumari district).
- (2) Endathur (Chingleput district).

The details of the award of prizes given above are based on the recommendation of State Standing Committee on the planting for Vanamahotsava 1957.

(ஈ) No, Sir.

Notice boards in the bus-stands

419 Q.—திரு சா. மொ. அண்ணாமலை: கனம் மின்சார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) வடாற்காடு மாவட்டத்திலுள்ள பஸ் நிலையங்களில் கால அட்டவணைகள் ஆங்கிலத்தில் இருக்க வேண்டுமென்று ஆர்.டி.ஓ. உத்திர விட்டிருக்கிறாரா?

(ஆ) இதற்கு பொது மக்களிடமிருந்து ஆட்சேபணை கிளம்பி இருப்பது சர்க்காருக்குத் தெரியுமா?

A.—(a) The Government have ordered that the notice boards showing the timings of arrival and departure of all buses should be put up in all bus stands in the prescribed form. As that form is in English, the Regional Transport Officer, North Arcot might have adopted that for use.

(b) The answer is in the negative.

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Verification of stores in the Public Works Department

420 Q.—திரு மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் பொது மராமத்து அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்குப் பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) பொது மராமத்து இலாகாவில் இயந்திரங்கள் மற்றும் பொருள்களைச் சரிபார்க்க (stores stock verification) என்ன முறை கையாளப்படுகின்றது ?

(ஆ) ஆண்டு தோறும் இந்தச் சரிபார்த்தல் (verification) நடைபெறுகிறதா ?

(இ) 1958-59-ல் ஆண்டுகளில் காணப்பட்ட பெரிய குறைகள் யாவை ?

(ஈ) அக்குறைகளைத் தவிர்க்கச் சரியான ஏற்பாடுகள் செய்யப்பட்டு விட்டனவா ?

A.—(a) All the Stock in a Division is checked once a year.

Besides, a special staff consisting of an Assistant Engineer and a Stock Verifier or Junior Engineer, carry out periodical verification of Stores of all spare parts kept in places where stocks are held.

An independent Stock Verification Branch under the control of Finance Department has been created in 1958 to examine the stock accounts of all Departments.

(b) Yes.

(c) No serious irregularities were noticed in the Stock Verification of 1958-59.

(d) Does not arise.

Disposal of suits in the Sub-Court, Kumbakonam

421 Q.—SRI T. SAMPATH : Will the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) the total number of suits instituted in the District Munsif's Court, Valanginam and the Sub-Court, Kumbakonam, during the years 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958 and 1960 ; and

(b) the number of suits disposed of each year by these two courts ?

A.—(a) & (b) The information is furnished below :—

Year.	Sub-Court, Kumbakonam.		District Munsifs Court Valanginam.	
	Total number of suits instituted.	Number of suits disposed of.	Total number of suits instituted.	Number of suits disposed of.
1955	452	529	1,000	1,052
1956	390	421	1,054	1,043
1957	339	344	794	877
1958	353	376	881	933
1959	325	352	895	969
1960				
(up to 15th February, 1960 only)	24	47	194	106

[25th April 1960]

Extraction of sandalwood

422 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR: Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) the quantity and value of sandalwood extracted from our forests during 1957-58; 1958-59 and 1959-60; and

(b) the estimated loss in each year due to spike disease?

A.—(a) The particulars relating to 1957-58 and 1958-59 are furnished below:—

Year.	Quantity of sandalwood extracted.		Value.*
	TONS.		
1957-58	..	1,162	41,75,066
1958-59	..	1,183	55,32,891

* The value has been calculated taking the average sale value of sandalwood sold during 1957-58 and 1958-59.

The particulars for the year 1959-60 can be furnished only after the close of the financial year.

(b) As there is no data to work out the loss of revenue due to spike disease, no reliable figures of loss of revenue can be furnished. The disease has spread out to almost all the sandalwood tracts of the State and the mortality of sandal-trees due to this disease is on the increase.

Wild species in the reserved forests

423 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR: Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state the number and the names of the Wild Species introduced into our preserves during the past two years?

A.—Four pea fowls and four young ones of black buck were introduced into the Illalur Reserved Forest near Tiruppur in October 1958 and they have since been reported to be seen now and then in the area. Three black bucks from Thanjavur were also introduced into the Mudumalai Wild Life Sanctuary early in 1959 but the climatic conditions and the surrounding forests in the Sanctuary were unfortunately not suitable for their survival. In addition the following decorative wild animals, reptiles and birds have also been introduced into the Guindy Deer Park:—

Spotted deer	1
Rabbits	2
Tiger cubs	2
Python	1
Ibis	2
Parrots	4
Pea fowls	4

These are not left free to roam about, but are kept under restraint in the Children's Corner of the park as part of the State Forest Department's plans to enable the children visiting the park to get to know about the fauna of our country.

Commercial timber

424 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR: Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state the name and area of various valuable commercial timber planted in our State during the past two years on a district-war basis?

A.—The particulars required are given in the statement below :—

Statement showing districtwar particulars of various valuable commercial timber planted in the State during 1958-59 and 1959-60.

Name of the district. (1)	Locality. (2)	Species. (3)	Area planted during 1958-59. (4)	Locality. (5)	Species. (6)	Area planted during 1959-60. (7)
			ACS.			ACS.
1 North Arcot	Malayalam	Teak	20	Malayalam	Teak	20
	Yelagiris and Palamarathur.	Do.	10	Alliamangalam ..	Miscellaneous species	10
				Yelagiris and Palamarathur	Teak	10
				Ponnair	Miscellaneous species	10
			30			50
2 Salem	Chitteries	Teak	10	Chitteries	Teak	10
	Gullahatti, Pannai-karai, Vanniar and Kombai.	Do.	40	Gullabatti	Do.	20
				Sanamark	Miscellaneous species	10
				Pannaikaradu ..	Teak	10
				Vanniarkombai ..	Do.	10
				Karumbampatti ..	Miscellaneous species	10
				Talli	Bamboo	20
			80			90

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Name of the district.	Locality.	Species.	Area planted during 1958-59.	Locality.	Species.	Area planted during 1959-60
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
			ACS.			ACS.
3 Chingleput ..	Paranur ..	Teak ..	15	Paranur ..	Teak ..	10
	Do. ..	Eucalyptus hybrid.	15	Kattur ..	Miscellaneous species	10
	Alathur ..	Do. ..	5	Thirumani ..	Do. ..	10
	Do. ..	Sirao, lebbeck ..	10	Mylapore ..	Do. ..	10
	Maniyur ..	Eucalyptus hybrid	5			
	Vandalur ..	Do. ..	25			
	Mannur ..	Do. ..	20			
	Mylapore ..	Red sanders ..	5			
	Do. ..	Sirao, lebbeck ..	10			
	Kadur ..	Eucalyptus hybrid.	6			
	Thirumani ..	Sirao, lebbeck	10			
			126			40
4 Coimbatore ..	Tunacadavu Range	Teak ..	87	Pollachi Range	Teak ..	109
	Punnachi Range	Teak, rosewood and vagai.	49	Punachi Range	Teak, rosewood and vagai.	55
	Bolampatti Range	Teak ..	50	Tunacadavu ..	Teak ..	65
	Pollachi Range	Do. ..	118	Bolampatti Range	Do. ..	50
	Odanthurai ..	Irrigated teak ..	250	Odanthurai ..	Teak with irrigation.	210
			554			489
5 The Nilgiris ..	Teppakadu Block	Teak ..	31.75	Teppakadu Block	Teak ..	29.25
6 Tiruenirappalli..	Upper anicut	Teak ..	20	Upper anicut	Teak ..	21.5
	Kullamanickanur	Bamboo ..	60	Marudur ..	Bamboo ..	55
			80			76.5

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QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

		Right and left bank of Teak 275	Right and left bank of Teak 147-50
		Cauvery.	Cauvery.
7 Thanjavur	Vennar, Vettar Head Teak 239-72	Vennar, Vettar Head- { Teak 163-08	
	works.	Miso. species 2-00	
	Coleroon and Koda- 191-25	Coleroon and Koda Teak	
	murutti banks.		
	Along Grand Anicut Do. 200-00	Along Grand Anicut, Do. 169-99	
	Canal.	etc.	320-00
			655-07
			630-97
8 Madurai	Kodaikanal Teak 26	Kodaikanal Teak 25	
	Vannathiparai Do. 20	Palni Do. 15	
	Gandamanaickanur Do. 150	Cumbum Do. 20	
		Gandamanaickanur Do. 54	
		ex-zamin.	
			114
			196
9 Ramanathapuram	Solaseri Teak 50	Solaseri and Deviar .. Teak 100	
	Deviar Do. 50		
			100
			100
10 Tirunelveli	Adavikadu, Kanny- Teak 157	Adavikadu, Vallam .. Teak 72	
	patti and Vallam.		
	Srivaikuntam (Tam- Do. 111		
	baraparani river).		
			73
			263
11 Kanyakumari	Chellamthurvthi .. Teak 28	Chellamthuruthi .. Teak 175	
	Thodalaikadu Do. 126	Thodalaikadu .. Do. 98	
	Thadikarankonam .. Do. 106	Thadikarankonam .. Do. 98	
			871
			258

[25th April 1960]

Transfer of Municipal Commissioner, Walajapet

425 Q.—SRI K. SATTANATHA KARAYALAR: Will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration be pleased to state—

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Municipal Council of Walajapet, on 12th October 1959 passed a resolution demanding the transfer of the Municipal Commissioner ;

(b) if so, the action taken thereon ; and

(c) the date on which action was taken ?

A.—(a) Yes. A report to that effect was received on 29th October 1959.

(b) & (c) The Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards has been asked to submit his remarks on 3rd November 1959.

House-sites for Harijans

426. Q.—திரு. டி. சம்பத் : கனம் பொது மராமத்து அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்குப் பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) தஞ்சை மாவட்டத்தில் 1959-ம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் மாதம் வரையில் ஹரிஜனங்களுக்காக வீட்டு மனை கோரி எத்தனை விண்ணப்பங்கள் தாலுகாவாரியாக வந்தன ?

(ஆ) எவ்வளவு மனைக்கட்டுகள் ஆர்ஜிதம் செய்து கொடுக்கப்பட்டன ?

(இ) எத்தனை மனுக்கள் நிராகரிக்கப்பட்டன ?

(ஈ) மனைக்கட்டுகள் ஆர்ஜிதம் செய்யப்படுவதற்கு அரசாங்கம் உதவிய தொகை எவ்வளவு ?

A.—A statement is given below:—

Statements showing the particulars relating to the number of petitions for provision of house-sites received, house-sites acquired and granted, etc., in Tanjavur district during 1st January to 31st December 1959.

Name of taluk.	Number of petitions received during the year.	Number of house-sites acquired and granted.	Number of petitions rejected.	Amount spent by the Government on the acquisition of the sites mentioned in column (2)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1 Tanjavur	98	153	..	Rs. 21,643 66
2 Papanasam	153	75	..	7,941 07
3 Kumbakonam	100	408	..	28,422 44
4 Mayuram	57	32	..	3,152 72
5 Sirkali	41	35	..	2,463 94
6 Nagapattinam	37	27	..	1,543 27
7 Nannilam	33	43	..	2,991 38
8 Tiruthuraiipoondi	31	82	..	5,500 45
9 Mannargudi	35	68	..	844 67
10 Pattukottai	40	47	..	3,479 97
11 Orthanad	46	..	..	..
12 Arantangi	15	..	..	..
Total	686	970	..	77,983 57

Rural Water-supply Schemes

427 Q.—திரு. டி. சம்பத் : கனம் ரெவின்யூ அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்குப் பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 1958-59-ல் நம் ராஜ்யத்தில் (1) ஸ்தல அபிவிருத்தி (2) கிராம குடி தண்ணீர் திட்டங்களின் கீழ் கடன் வசதிக்கு ஒதுக்கப்பட்ட தொகை எவ்வளவு ?

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(ஆ) தஞ்சை ஜில்லாவில் தாலுகா வாரியாக எவ்வளவு தொகை ஒதுக்கப்பட்டது?

(இ) மேற்படி தொகையில் எவ்வளவு செலவு செய்யப்பட்டிருக்கிறது?

A.—(a) Sanction of loans is not contemplated in respect of works taken up under the Local Development works programme and the Rural Water-supply comprehensive programme.

(b) & (c) Do not arise.

Sugarcane cultivation in the State

428 Q.—திரு. டி. சம்பத் : கனம் உள் விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்குப் பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) சென்னை ராஜ்யத்தில் ஜில்லா வாரியாக கரும்பு சாகுபடி எவ்வளவு ஏக்கர் நிலத்தில் செய்யப்படுகிறது?

(ஆ) இரண்டாவது ஐந்தாண்டு திட்ட முடிவுக்குள் எவ்வளவு ஏக்கர் நிலங்களில் கரும்பு சாகுபடி செய்ய திட்டமிடப்பட்டிருக்கிறது?

A.—(a) The district-wise acreage of sugarcane cultivation in Madras State for 1957-58 as given in the season and crop report of Madras State for 1957-58 is as follows:—

District.	Acrees.
Chingleput	179
South Arcot	24,151
North Arcot	27,566
Salem	18,097
Coimbatore	24,863
Tiruchirappalli	23,364
Tanjavar	9,322
Madurai	10,754
Ramanathapuram	4,284
Tirunelveli	706
The Nilgiris	3
Kanyakumari	64
	143,353

(b) The area under sugarcane in this State fluctuates round about 120,000 acres. Out of this, only an area of about 45,000 acres is covered under the Development Zones and 60,000 acres under non-Development Zones. This total area of 105,000 is to be extended during Second Five-Year Plan by 15,000 acres in the new factory areas.

Government Headquarters Hospital, Tanjavur.

429 Q.—SRI T. SAMPATH : Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) the amount spent in the years 1957, 1958 and 1959 for the Government Headquarters Hospital at Tanjavur and the Taluk Hospital at Kumbakonam respectively for medicine and instruments;

(b) the number treated as in and out-patients in these years in both the hospitals; and

(c) the improvements made to these hospitals so far and also the improvements proposed?

[25th April 1960]

A.—(a), (b) & (c) The particulars required are furnished in the appendix given below :—

Name of the Government Hospital.	Amount spent on medicines during			Amount spent on instruments during			Number of out-patients treated during			Number of in-patients treated during.			
	1957.	1958.	1959.	1957.	1958.	1959.	1957.	1958.	1959.	1957.	1958.	1959.	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.							
1 Government Headquarters Hospital, Tanjavur.	1,40,173-27	1,70,917-62	1,69,654-64	1,41,443-53	1,11,694-00	1,17,482-99	214,169	232,741	242,342	29,072	31,401	32,565	
2 Government Taluk Headquarters Hospital, Kumbakonam.	18,684-00	32,010-00	20,891-00	2,922-00	15,143-00	13,154-00	60,498	62,075	64,110	6,171	6,947	7,679	

Improvements to the Government District Headquarters Hospital, Tanjavur.

Improvements to the Government District Headquarters Hospital, Tanjavur.

Improvements already made.

- 1 Upgrading of the T. B. Clinic
- 2 Upgrading of the Dental Clinic
- 3 Establishment of Venereal Diseases Clinic ..
- 4 Establishment of Family Planning Clinic ..
- 5 Establishment of District Public Health Laboratory.
- 6 Provision of weldmesh to the Maternity wards.
- 7 Establishment of Training Centre for Maternity Assistants.

Functioning in the existing hospital building pending construction of a separate building.

Improvements proposed to be made.

- 1 Construction of an additional over head tank.
- 2 Construction of quarters for student internes.
- 3 Construction of a ward of 100 beds ..
- 4 Construction of quarters for 100 nurses ..
- 5 Improvements to laboratory.
- 6 Construction of additional operation theatre.
- 7 Construction of Tuberculosis Clinic Building.
- 8 Construction of Venereal Diseases Clinic with 10 beds.
- 9 Construction of Orthopaediatric ward of 40 beds.
- 10 Construction of new kitchen.
- 11 Construction of a Chronic Surgical ward of 40 beds.
- 12 Construction of cow-shed

These buildings were originally proposed to be constructed in the existing compound of the hospital and have been deferred in view of the scheme for the construction of new building for the Tanjavur Medical College and Hospital at Vallam Road.

Improvements to the Government Taluk Headquarters Hospital, Kumbakonam.

Improvements already made.

- 1 Provision of a portable X-Ray Plant and a radio.
- 2 Establishment of a Blood Bank (Improved accommodation has been provided in the existing hospital building).
- 3 Construction of an additional ward of 20 beds.
- 4 Construction of a flush out latrine with septic tank.
- 5 Construction of a surgical ward of 16 beds with operation theatre.
- 6 Construction of an X-Ray block
- 7 Provision of protected water supply from municipal mains.

Work under progress.

Scheme sanctioned and detailed plans and estimates under preparation.

Scheme sanctioned and detailed plans and estimates prepared. Work will be started shortly.

Improvements proposed to be made.

- 1 Construction of a maternity ward of 16 beds with labour room.
- 2 Construction of Plaster room as annexure to operation theatre.
- 3 Construction of two additional rooms for out-patient department.
- 4 Construction of Tuberculosis Clinic with 12 beds.
- 5 Construction of Laboratory-cum- Blood Bank.
- 6 Construction of Kitchen.

வாய்மையே வெல்லும்
TRUTH ALONE TRIUMPHS

[25th April 1960]

Silt clearance of the channels in the Thanjavur district

430 Q.—SRI T. SAMPATH : Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) Whether there is any proposal to constitute a separate Engineering Division for Tanjore district to study the irrigation problems in the District with particular reference to the silt clearance of channels ; and

(b) if so, when it will be formed ?

A. (a) & (b). No specific proposal for the formation of any Division for Tanjore district to study the irrigation problems in the district with particular reference to the silt clearance of channels is under consideration of the Government.

Rural and Agricultural Banks

431 Q.—SRI T. SAMPATH ; Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state—

(a) the number of rural and agricultural banks opened in the state ;

(b) the places where these banks have been opened—district-war ;

(c) the amounts of loans advanced by these banks to the agriculturists up to December 1959 ; and

(d) the places where there is proposal to open these banks in 1959-60.

A.—(a) Twenty-one (21) rural banks and three hundred and thirty (330) agricultural banks have so far been organised in this State.

(b) District-war particulars are furnished in the appended statement given below.

(c) The total amount of loans advanced during the period from 1st July 1958 to 30th June 1959 by these banks was Rs. 540.03 lakhs (Rupees five hundred and forty lakhs and three thousand only). Particulars regarding the amount of loans issued during the period from 1st July 1959 to 31st December 1959 are not available.

(d) According to the present policy of the Government, co-operative societies are to be organised with the village, with a population of 1,000 as the primary unit and organisation of agricultural and rural banks each covering a large number of villages are not permitted. It is not therefore proposed to organise any new agricultural or rural banks.

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APPENDIX.

Serial number and name of the district.	Places where Rural Banks have been organized.	Places where Agricultural Banks have been organized.
(1)	(2)	(3)
1 Chingleput ..	Acharappakkam and Ponneri.	1 Uttiramerur. 2 Cheyyur. 3 Damal. 4 Walajabad. 5 Endathur Ladakaranai. 6 Kalliampoondi. 7 Perunagar. 8 Thirukalikundram. 9 Vengal. 10 Arani. 11 Pakkam. 12 Thirunageswaram. 13 Poonamalli. 14 Bukkathurai. 15 Madura Managalam. 16 Sriperumbudur. 17 Singaperumalkoil. 18 Perambakkam. 19 Manimangalam. 20 Kilacheri. 21 Vishunavakkam. 22 Minjur. 23 Meyyur. 24 Kadambathur. 25 Pannur. 26 Pallavaram. 27 Thiruninravur. 28 Thirumudivakkam. 29 Echoor. 30 Sunguvarchatram. 31 Madambakkam. 32 Pichivakkam. 33 Mathur.
2 South Arcot	Kattumannarkoil and Thiruvonnainallur.	34 Sithilingamadam. 35 Ulundurpet. 36 Valavanur. 37 Anniyur. 38 Ariyur G. 39 Kandamandy. 40 Anathur. 41 Thirunavalur. 42 Chinnasalem. 43 Kurinjipadi. 44 Vikravandi. 45 Mittamandagapatti. 46 Veersaperumallur. 47 Ginjee. 48 Sathambadi. 49 Vadakkanandal. 50 Thenkeeranur. 51 Kallakurichi. 52 C. Orathur. 53 Tittagudi. 54 Arakandanallur. 55 Ariyanur.
3 Thanjavur..	Kuttalam and Tiruvaiyaru.	56 Orthanad. 57 Needamangalam. 58 Poovanur. 59 Vaduvloor. 60 Madukur.

[25th April 1960]

<i>Serial number and name of the district.</i>	<i>Places where Rural Banks have been organized.</i>	<i>Places where Agricultural Banks have been organized.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
3 Thanjavur—cont.	Kutalam and Tiruvaiyaru—cont.	61 Thammankottai. 62 Lakshmangudi 63 Keeramangalam. 64 Gandarvakottai. 65 Kottur. 66 Peravoorani. 67 Ullikottai. 68 Koothanallur. 69 Thambikottai. 70 Kugalur. 71 Avudayarkoil. 72 Sikkil. 73 Poonthottam. 74 Keelayur. 75 Koradachery. 76 Kivalur. 77 Manalmedu. 78 Kangalancheri. 79 Sembanarkoil. 80 Ayyakkarambalam. 81 Mangudi. 82 Narasingamangalam. 83 Alathambadi. 84 Nannilam. 85 Vaitheeswarankoil. 86 Sholapuram. 87 Poondi.
4 Tiruchirappalli	Turaiyur and Nangavaram.	88 Govindapuram. 89 Perambalur. 90 L. N. Samudram. 91 Panchamadevi. 92 Gunamangalam. 93 Mullankurichi. 94 Alangudi. 95 Melapalayam. 96 Valady. 97 Thogamalai. 98 Viralur. 99 Tennilai. 100 Uppidamangalam. 101 Viralimalai. 102 Kiranur. 103 Javakondapuram. 104 T. Palur. 105 Peruvalanallur. 106 Thirumalavadi. 107 Musiri. 108 Arambavoor. 109 Ponnamaravathy. 110 T. Marudur. 111 Puvalore. 112 Kattuputhur. 113 Kurumbalore. 114 Kalpadi. 115 Kommanapadi. 116 Ammapalayam.
5 Madurai	Othakadai	117 T. Kallupatti. 118 Nagalapuram. 119 Sinnamaruthupatti. 120 Melakottai. 121 Vadakampatti. 122 T. Pudurpatti. 123 Andipatti.

patti.

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*Serial Number and
name of the
district.*

*Places where Rural
Banks have been
organized.*

*Places where Agricultural
Banks have been
organized.*

(1)

(2)

(3)

5 Maudral—cont.

Othakadai—cont.

- 124 Veerapandi.
- 125 Allinagaram.
- 126 Sarvodaya.
- 127 Ganguvarpatti.
- 128 Venkatachalapuram.
- 129 Gudalur.
- 130 Peraiyur.
- 131 Dasingapuram
- 132 Lakshmipuram.
- 133 Dombucheri.
- 134 Natham.
- 135 Doddappanaickanur.
- 136 Kothiarkundu.
- 137 Nilakkottai.
- 138 Alanganallur.
- 139 Thirupparankundram.
- 140 Vanchiyur.
- 141 Thaniamangalam.
- 142 Vannampatti.
- 143 Pithalaipatti.
- 144 Malapatti.
- 145 Bodinaickanur.
- 146 Kalamangalam.
- 147 Kondayampatti.
- 148 Kannayyagoundenpatty.
- 149 Kodimangalam.
- 150 N. Pudukkottai.
- 151 Psumalai.
- 152 Silaiman.
- 153 Ayyanarpuram.
- 154 Achampattu.
- 155 Kochadai.
- 156 Valayankulam.
- 157 Villapuram.
- 158 Vadivelkarai.

6 Ramanathapuram .. Watrap and Tirup-
vanam.

- 159 Mamsapuram.
- 160 Thayilpatti.
- 161 P. Ramachandrapuram.
- 162 Muhavoor.
- 163 Nenmeni.
- 164 Sankarapandiapuram.
- 165 Valliyur.
- 166 Koothalur.
- 167 M. Reddipatti.
- 168 Thiruthangal.
- 169 Krishnapuram.
- 170 Malli.
- 171 Chettikurichi.
- 172 Mallankinar.
- 173 Peraiyur.
- 174 Pathibanur.
- 175 Kariapatti.
- 176 Pamboor.
- 177 Kannankottai.
- 178 Mudukalathur

7 Tirunelveli Perungulam

- 179 Vallanad.
- 180 Thenthirupera.
- 181 Karunkulam.
- 182 Sathankulam.
- 183 Melathattaparai.
- 184 Munnirpallam.
- 185 Kulayankurisal.
- 186 Shermadevi.

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<i>Serial number and name of the district.</i>	<i>Places where Rural Banks have been organized.</i>	<i>Places where Agricultural Banks have been organized.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)

7 Tirunelveli—cont.

Perungulam—cont.

- 187 Brahmesdesam.
- 188 Sivalaperai.
- 189 Arumuganeri.
- 190 Kallur Suthumalli.
- 191 Pudukottai.
- 192 Kalakkad.
- 193 Panangudi.
- 194 Thiruvengadam.
- 195 Alangulam.
- 196 Sankarankoil.

8 North Arcot

Kilpennathur and Arcot.

- 197 Moranam.
- 198 Purisai.
- 199 Minnal.
- 200 Melkalathur.
- 201 Takkolam.
- 202 Menallur.
- 203 K.V. Kuppam.
- 204 Kalavai.
- 205 Pallur.
- 206 Nemili.
- 207 Kaveripauk.
- 208 Karapoondi.
- 209 Mallavadi.
- 210 Kettabarampalayam.
- 211 Navalpakkam.
- 212 Thenkalani.
- 213 R. Kunnathur.
- 214 Anakkavur.
- 215 Chakramallur.
- 216 Che. Nachepattu.
- 217 Peranamallur.
- 218 Vadamathur.
- 219 Anaicut.
- 220 Melsanankuppam.
- 221 S. V. Nagaram.
- 222 Madapalli.
- 223 Vembakkam.
- 224 Chithathur.
- 225 Tiruppanangudi.
- 226 Brahmesdesam.
- 227 Senaipattu.

9 Salem

Idappadi and Arasampatti.

- 228 Seshanchavadi.
- 229 Odayapatti.
- 230 S. Valapadi.
- 231 Namagiripat.
- 232 A. Ayepalayam.
- 233 C. Santhur.
- 234 Thogarapalli.
- 235 Belur.
- 236 Pochanpalli.
- 237 Panamarathupatti.
- 238 Ethapur.
- 239 Malaiyandahalli.
- 240 Aragalur.
- 241 Bellarapalli.
- 242 Gangavalli.
- 243 Thammampatti.
- 244 Singalandapuram.
- 245 Thathiangarpet.
- 246 R. Pudupalayam.
- 247 Dhalavaipatti.

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<i>Serial number and name of the district.</i>	<i>Places where Rural Banks have been organized.</i>	<i>Places where Agricultural Banks have been organized.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
9 Salem—cont.	.. Idappadi and Arasam patti—cont.	248 Thirumalaipatti. 249 R. Goundampalayam. 250 Kolathur. 251 Hosur. 252 Vaikuntam. 253 Unjanai Mettupalayam. 254 V. Mannarpalayam. 255 Pallipalayam. 256 Sinnappampatti. 257 Katchupalli. 258 Elachipalayam. 259 Papparpatti. 260 Vattoor. 261 Pottaneri. 262 Pallavanaickenpatti. 263 Pennagaram. 264 Peddanaickenpalayam. 265 Varagur.
10 Coimbatore	.. Tudiyalur, Palladam and Kodumudi.	266 Chittaoode. 267 Malayadipalayam. 268 Perumanallur. 269 Perundurai. 270 Nasiyanur. 271 Ingur. 272 Thindal. 273 Kasipalayam. 274 Veerappanchatram. 275 B.P. Agraharam. 276 Karatadipalayam. 277 Kavandapadi. 278 Chikkarasampalayam. 279 Pulimpatti. 280 Periakoduveri. 281 Kugalur. 282 Avanashi. 283 Vellakoil. 284 Sevur. 285 Kangayam. 286 Pongalur. 287 Kundadam. 288 Anuppapatti. 289 Sankarandanpalayam. 290 Modakurichi. 291 Elavamalai. 292 Mulanur. 293 Kinathukadavu. 294 Karamadai. 295 Gobinallur. 296 Periavadamalaipalayam
11 The Nilgiris	.. Kundah and Aravenu.	297 Adhigaratti. 298 Sholur. 299 Mahalinga. 300 Thummanatti. 301 Gudalur. 302 Kenthorai. 303 Ithalar. 304 Manihatti. 305 Nundala. 306 Nanjanad. 307 Sholurmattam. 308 Yedapalli.

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Serial number and name of the district.	Places where Rural Banks have been organized.	Places where Agricultural Banks have been organized.
(1)	(2)	(3)
11 The Nilgiris—cont. Kundah and Aravenu—cont.	309 Oranalli. 310 Kadanad. 311 Hullathi. 312 Kallatti. 313 Appukodu. 314 Bellicombai. 315 Bavani. 316 Balacola. 317 Sivalinga.	
12 Kanyakumari	318 Karavilai. 319 Mylaudy. 320 Eathamozhi. 321 Midalam. 322 Painkulam. 323 Arumana. 324 Manakavilai. 325 Thazhakudi. 326 Kottaram. 327 Azhagappapuram. 328 Vellamadam. 329 Thalakulam. 330 Lakshmipuram.	

Beggar Homes.

432 Q.—SRI S. PAKKIRISWAMI PILLAI: Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) the number of members admitted in the various Beggar Homes maintained by the State from the City of Madras in the years 1957, 1958 and 1959 (Men, Women and Children); and

(b) the number of persons that died in the said Homes (Men, Women and Children) in the above said years?

A.—(a) & (b) The particulars are furnished below :—

ANNEXURE.

Serial number and name of institution.	Year.	Admission.			Death.		
		Male.	Female.	Children.	Male.	Female.	Children.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1 Corporation	1957	90	96	..	4	8	..
Special Home, Krishnampet.	1958	201	79	..	8	7	..
	1959	256	90	..	18	10	..
2 Government Care Camp, Mel-pakkam, Avadi.	1957	641	117	22	19	5	1
	1958	616	124	9	36	11	1
	1959	1,006	213	7	156	30	..
3 Daya Sadan, Otteri, Madras.	1957	548	111	63	35	10	..
	1958	624	199	40	97	51	..
	1959	985	333	35	100	58	..
		Boys.		Girls.	Girls.		
4 Child Welfare Home, Royapuram.	1957	110	..	8	..	1	..
	1958	104	..	4	..	Nil.	..
	1959	63	..	6	..	Nil.	..

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Revenue from the sale of non-judicial stamps

433 Q.—SRI T. SAMPATH : Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state the total revenue got by the Government during the period from June 1959 to December 1959 by way of sale on non-judicial stamps in the State ?

A.—The total revenue realised by the Government during the period is Rs. 3,04,95,446.

Enhancement of fines

434 Q.—திரு. மா. பா. சாரதி : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) குற்றங்களுக்கு விதிக்கப்படும் அபராதங்களை உயர்த்த சட்டங்களைத் திருத்துவதுபற்றி மத்திய அரசாங்கத்திடம் இருந்து இந்த ராஜ்யத்திற்கு ஏதாவது சுற்றறிக்கை வந்ததா ?

(ஆ) அதன்மீது இந்த அரசாங்கத்தின் பதில் என்ன ?

A.—(அ) Yes, Sir.

(ஆ) The Government of India were informed in respect of the following Acts as follows :—

(i) that there was no need to revise the provisions regarding fines in the Indian Penal Code (Central Act XLV of 1860) and under section 34 of the Police Act (Central Act V of 1861),

(ii) that as the Sarais Act, 1867 has not been extended to this State, this Government have not obtained any remarks on the question of revision of fines imposed under section 14 of that Act,

(iii) that fines under sections 6 and 7 of the Indian Merchandise Marks Act, 1889 might be enhanced from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,000, and

(iv) that the penalties prescribed under sections 5, 6 and 6-A of the Indian Medical Degrees Act, 1916, may be revised to make them adequately deterrent under the present conditions and that the limit of the existing fines might be doubled in each case.

Foreign training in Agricultural Research

435 Q.—SRI T. S. RAMASWAMI : Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) whether any officers of the Agricultural Department or any staff of the Agricultural College, Coimbatore were sent abroad for Post-Graduate and Research work by the Government during the last three years ;

(b) if so, the details of the persons, the subjects for which they were sent, and the nature of the aid the Government gave ; and

(c) whether any from the Department or College were sent for Research work abroad on Indian Council of Agricultural Research Scholarships or other foreign scholarships by the Government during these three years ; if so, the nature of the aid, the terms and the nature of Government help given to them ?

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A.—(a), (b) & (c) A statement is placed below:—

Name of the officers of the Agricultural Department and staff of the Agricultural College and Research Institute, Coimbatore, who were sent abroad for training in research.	Place of training.	Subject of specialisation.	Name of the aid under which they were sent.	Terms and nature of aid.	Period of training.
1957					
1 Sri N. Sankaranarayana Reddy, formerly Assistant Agricultural Engineer (Civil), Coimbatore and now Joint Director of Agriculture (Engineering), Madras.	U.S.A.	Agricultural Engineering.	Technical co-operation Mission.	The cost of air passage from India to U.S.A. and back the cost of travel in the U.S.A. and the cost on account of payment of a suitable maintenance allowance to the officer to be met by the Technical Co-operation Mission.	One year
2 Sri B. W. X. Ponniah, formerly Millet and Pulses Specialist, Coimbatore and now Professor of Genetics, Agricultural College, Coimbatore.	Do.	Sorghum improvement.	Do.	Do.	Do.
3 Sri C. V. Govindaswamy, formerly Lecturer in Mycology and now Reader in Plant Pathology, Agricultural College, Coimbatore.	U.K.	Plant Pathology	Colombo Plan	Cost of transport from the port of embarkation, viz., Bombay to U.K. and back, expenses in connection with the maintenance, tuition and other travel expenses in U.S.A. to be met by the Colombo Plan Authorities.	Do.

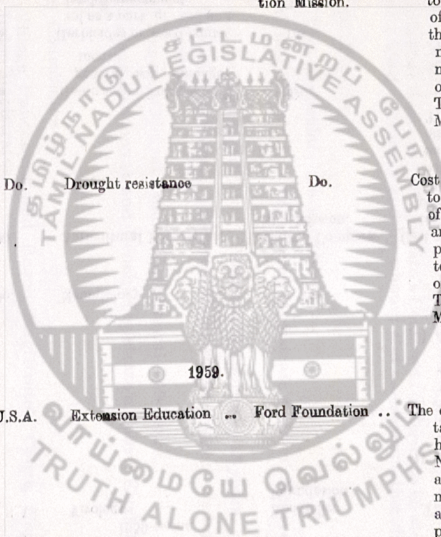
1958.

- 1 Sri V. N. Madhav Rao, formerly U.S.A. Vegetable breeding Technical Co-operation Mission. Cost of air passage from India to U.S.A. and back, the cost of travel in the U.S.A. and the cost on account of payment of a suitable maintenance allowance to the officer to be paid by the Technical Co-operation Mission Authorities. One year.

- 2 Sri K. Rajagopal, formerly Assistant in paddy and now Assistant Paddy Specialist, Agricultural College, Coimbatore. Do. Drought resistance Do. Cost of air passage from India to U.S.A. and back, the cost of the travel in the U.S.A. and the cost on account of payment of a suitable maintenance allowance to the officer to be paid by the Technical Co-operation Mission Authorities. Do.

1959.

- 1 Sri T. S. Francis, Joint Director of Agriculture (Extension), Madras. U.S.A. Extension Education .. Ford Foundation .. The cost of return, transportation from individuals home in India to Ithaca, New York, maintenance allowance of 235 dollars per month, allowances of books and extra clothing and all payments of fees and charges to the Cornell University to be met by the Ford Foundation. Do.



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Name of the officers of the Agricultural Department and staff of the Agricultural College and Research Institute, Coimbatore, who were sent abroad for training in research.	Place of training.	Subject of specialisation.	Name of the aid under which they were sent.	Terms and nature of aid.	Period of training.
1959—cont.					
1 Dr. K. Ramakrishnan, Professor of Plant Pathology, Agricultural College, Coimbatore.	U.S.A.	Virology	Rockefeller Foundation.	The following to be met by the Rockefeller Foundation.— (1) A monthly stipend of 250 dollars for the period of actual study. (2) A monthly family allowance of Rs. 44 to the officer, if his wife remains in India. (3) Authorised fees, tuition and expenses of travel.	One year.
3 Sri A. R. Seshadri, Assistant Entomologist, Agricultural College and Research Institute, Coimbatore.	Do.	Nematology	Do.	Do.	Two years
4 Sri N. Rajagopalan, Assistant Lecturer Agricultural Economics, Agricultural College, Coimbatore.	Do.	Agricultural Economics.	Technical Co-operation Mission.	Cost of air passage from India to U.S.A. and back, the cost of travel in the U.S.A. and the cost on account of payment of a suitable maintenance allowance to the officer to be met by the T.C.M.	One year
5 Sri D. John Dorairaj, Reader in Soil Science, Agricultural College, Coimbatore.	Do.	Radio active isotopes and general soil management.	Do.	Do.	Do.
6 Sri J. Saktharama Rao, Additional lecturer in Botany, Agricultural College, Coimbatore.	Do.	Herbicides or weed control as a part of soil and land management.	Do.	Do.	Do.

NOTE.—(i) The officers deputed under Technical Co-operation Mission and Colombo Plan are treated as on duty and paid pay and allowances at the rates admissible to them in India.

(ii) The officers deputed under Rockefeller Foundation and Ford Foundation are treated as on extraordinary leave and study leave respectively.

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Village Panchayat Courts and Bench Magistrates' Courts in Kanyakumari district

436 Q.—SRI T. S. RAMASWAMI : Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) whether a Combined Court of Village Panchayat Court and Bench Magistrate's Court was functioning in Nagercoil during the time of the re-organisation of States ;

(b) how long were they functioning at Nagercoil and other places in Kanyakumari district ;

(c) what were the Constitution, functions and powers of the said Courts ;

(d) the number of cases in the files of the respective Courts for the last three years ; and

(e) whether the Bench Magistrate's Court was ordered to be stopped ; if so, under what authority and by whom ; and the reasons therefor ?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The particulars are as follows :—

Village Panchayat and Bench Magistrate's Court, Nagercoil—45 years.

Village Panchayat Court, Padmanabhapuram—43 years.

Village Panchayat and Bench Magistrate's Court, Padmanabhapuram—38 years.

Village Panchayat Court, Kuzhithurai—40 years.

Village Panchayat and Bench Magistrate's Court, Kuzhithurai—13 years.

(c) *Constitution—*

Village Panchayat and Bench Magistrate's Court, Nagercoil—Twelve Judge Magistrates.

Village Panchayat and Bench Magistrate's Court, Padmanabhapuram—Seven Judge Magistrates.

Village Panchayat and Bench Magistrate's Court, Kuzhithurai—Five Judge Magistrates.

Functions and powers—

Civil.—Money Suits up to Rs. 50 and if both parties agree, up to the value of Rs. 200.

Criminal.—The Bench Magistrates at Nagercoil were exercising all the powers of First-Class Magistrates except the trial of cases under section 147 Criminal Procedure Code. The Bench Magistrates at Padmanabhapuram and Kuzhithurai were exercising all the powers of class A Magistrates.

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(d)—					Criminal.	Civil.
Nagercoil	..	..	1957	..	2,078	141
			1958	..	1,460	125
			1959	..	518	86
Padmanabhapuram	..	..	1957	..	857	9
			1958	..	779	7
			1959	..	123	6
Kuzhithurai	..	..	1957	..	1,367	27
			1958	..	779	26
			1959	..	168	26

(e) On the recommendation of the High Court, Madras, the Magisterial powers conferred on the members of the Village Panchayat and Bench Magistrate's Courts in the Kanyakumari district were withdrawn by the Government allowing them to continue to preside over the Village Panchayat Courts alone.

Audit fees for Chitties

437 Q.—SRI T. S. RAMASWAMI: Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state—

(a) the amount of audit fees (for chitties) demanded, collected and the balance in the Kanyakumari district for the financial years 1957–58 and 1958–59; and

(b) the actual expenses incurred by the Government for auditing chitties during these years?

A.—(a) & (b). The particulars are furnished in the table below :—

TABLE.					
Name of district.	Year.	Audit fees.			Expenditure incurred for auditing chitties.
		Demanded.	Collected.	Balance.	
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Kanyakumari District.	1957—58.	39,785	15,565	24,220	4,285*
Shencottah Taluk in Tirunelveli distr.ct.**	1958—59.	49,850	17,315	32,535	4,758
	1957—58.	6,710	260	6,450	..
	1958—59.	7,925	825	7,100	..

*As only one Chitty Auditor does the audit work for both Kanyakumari district and for Shencottah taluk and as he and his staff are attached to Registrar's office, Kanyakumari, expenditure incurred for auditing the balance sheet of chitties is shown under Kanyakumari district alone.

**Since the Travancore Chitties Act is not confined to Kanyakumari district alone but is in force in Shencottah taluk of Tirunelveli district also, figures are furnished for the latter area also.

Salaputhur tank in the Gingee taluk

438 Q.—திரு. கே. கோபால கவுண்டர்: கனம் ரெவினியு அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விக்கு பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

செஞ்சி தாலுக்கா நல்லாப்பிள்ளை பெற்றுள்ள கிராமத்திலுள்ள சாஸ்புத்தூர் ஏரியில் நீர்மட்டத்தை உயர்த்துவதற்காக அரசாங்கம் என்ன நடவடிக்கை எடுத்துள்ளது?

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A.—The question of raising the full tank level of the Salaputhur Tank was examined by the Government on more than one occasion in consultation with the Collector of South Arcot, Board of Revenue and Public Works Department authorities. The proposal was dropped by Government since it would result in heavy foreshore submersion, diminish supply to the lower down tank and since the existing supply of Salaputhur Tank was sufficient for irrigating its ayacut.

Recommendations of the Central Wage Board for Textile Industry

439 Q.—SRI N. K. PALANISAMY: } Will the Hon. the
S. PAKKIRISWAMI PILLAI: } Minister for
Industries be pleased to state—

(a) whether this Government have received any communication from the Centre during 1960 regarding the implementation of the recommendations made by the Central Wage Board for Textile Industry; and

(b) if so, the steps taken by the Government for implementing them in the State?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The question of securing implementation of the recommendations of the Wage Board is engaging the attention of the Government.

Entertainment tax

440 Q.—SRI T. T. DANIEL: Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state the collection of entertainments tax from the cinema theatres at Koilpatty taluk in 1958–59?

A.—Rs. 1,05,831.

Amount of collection in the office of the Deputy Commercial Tax Officer at Nanguneri

441 Q.—SRI T. T. DANIEL: Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state—

(a) the collection in the office of the Deputy Commercial Tax Officer at Nanguneri for the year 1958–59; and

(b) how many assessments are there and how many assessments are pending finalisation, yearwar?

A.—(a) Rs. 1,28,867.27 nP.

(b) Out of the total number of 311 assessments pending up to 29th February 1960, 302 assessments have been finalised leaving a balance of 9 assessments and all of them relate to 1958–59. No assessments relating to the previous years are pending.

Cinema Theatres in Nanguneri taluk

442 Q.—SRI T. T. DANIEL: Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state how many cinema theatres are there in Nanguneri taluk and the revenue in 1958–59?

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A.—Number of cinema theatres in Nanguneri taluk in 1958-59—7.

Amounts collected under the Madras Entertainments Tax Act, 1939, in 1958-59 in respect of these theatres.—Rs. 46,007.

Strength of the staff working in the Commercial Taxes department in Kanyakumari district

443 Q.—SRI. T. T. DANIEL : Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state—

(a) how many assessing units were functioning in Commercial Taxes Department in Kanyakumari district including Shencottah taluk on 1st November 1956 ;

(b) the strength of the staff in each office ;

(c) how many assessing units are *now* functioning ;

(d) the strength of the staff in each office ;

(e) the revenue collection for the years 1955-56, 1957-58 and 1959-60 and

(f) how many assessments are there in each office and how many assessments are pending finalisation ?

A.—(a). Four assessing units in Kanyakumari district and one assessing unit in Shencottah taluk both for sales tax and agricultural income tax work.

(b) The strength of the staff in each office on 1st November 1956 is not available with Government. However, the total staff transferred to this State on 1st November 1956 was as follows :—

Inspecting Assistant Commissioner	1
Sales Tax Officers, Grade I	2
Agricultural Income tax and Sales Tax Officers, Grade II—	2
Assistant Sales tax Officers	5
Agricultural Income-tax Inspector	1
Upper division clerk-Head Clerk	1
Lower division clerks	22
Lower division typists	6
Bill Collectors	6
Peons	15

(c) Two units, namely (i) Nagercoil, and (ii) Thuckalai-cum-Kuzhithurai, are functioning in Kanyakumari district for sale tax work only, as the Agricultural Income tax work has been separated and separate officers have been appointed for that work. For Shencottah there is no separate assessing unit. It is attached to Tenkas assessing unit.

(d) The staff in each of the two assessing units in Kanyakumari district are as follows :—

Deputy Commercial Tax Officer	1
Assistant Commercial Tax Officer	1

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Upper division clerk	..	..	..	1
Lower division clerks	..	..	..	5
Attender	..	..	..	1
Peons	..	..	..	4

(e) Sales tax collected in Kanyakumari district in 1956-57 for the period from 1st November 1956 to 31st March 1957 was Rs. 4,08,782 and in the year 1957-58 was Rs. 9,15,967. Particulars of sales tax collected in Kanyakumari district in 1955-56, 1959-60 are not readily available with Government. Figures in respect of Shencottah taluk are also not available.

(f) Information is not available with Government.

Cinema Theatres in Nagercoil

444 Q.—SRI T. T. DANIEL : Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries be pleased to state how many cinema theatres are there in the jurisdiction of the Deputy Commercial Tax Officer, Nagercoil and the revenue collection in 1958-59 and 1959-60, yearwar.

1958-59. 1959-60.

A.—

Number of cinema theatres in the jurisdiction of the Deputy Commercial Tax Officer, Nagercoil.

8

9

Amounts collected under the Madras Entertainment Tax Act, 1939 in respect of these cinema theatres.

Rs. 1,28,382 Rs. 1,37,859

Drinking water-supply scheme for Coimbatore district

445 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் முதலமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா —

(அ) கோயம்புத்தூர் ஜில்லாவிலிருக்கும் ஒவ்வொரு சமுதாய நலத் திட்டப் பிரதேசத்திலும் ஆரம்பத்திலிருந்து 1958-ம் வருஷம் வரைக்கும் எத்தனை குடி தண்ணீர் திட்டங்கள் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன ?

(ஆ) இத்திட்டங்களுக்காகச் செலவிடப்பட்டிருக்கும் தொகை எவ்வளவு ?

A.—(a) & (b) A statement a showing the particulars of drinking water wells and overhead tanks completed in the block areas of Coimbatore district together with the total expenditure incurred therefor is placed on the Table of the House.

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S.S.L.C. Examination

446 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) கோயமுத்தூர் ஜில்லாவிலே அரசாங்கத்தாராலும், முனிசிபாலிட்டிகளாலும், ஜில்லா போர்ட்டாராலும், தனிப்பட்டவர்களாலும் (Private aided) நடத்தப்பட்டுவரும் உயர்நிலைப் பள்ளிகள் எத்தனை ?

(ஆ) 1958-ம் வருஷம் எஸ்.எஸ்.எல்.சி. பரீட்சைக்கு மேற்கண்ட ஒவ்வொரு உயர்நிலைப் பள்ளிகளிலிருந்தும் எத்தனை மாணவர்களும், மாணவிகளும் ஆஜராணர்கள் ?

(இ) இவர்களுள், ஹரிஜன மாணவர்களும், மாணவிகளும் எத்தனை பேர் ?

(ஈ) எத்தனை மாணவர்களும், மாணவிகளும் பரிட்சையில் தேர்ச்சி பெற்றார்கள் ?

(உ) இவர்களுள், ஹரிஜன மாணவர்களும், மாணவிகளும் எத்தனை பேர் ?

A.—(a) to (e) A statement ^a is placed on the Table of the House.

Production of white sugar from palmyrah juice

447 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் உள் விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு தயவுசெய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா—

(அ) பனஞ்சாற்றிலிருந்து வெள்ளைச் சர்க்கரை தயாரிப்பதற்கான கூட்டுறவு சங்கங்கள் சென்னை ராஜ்யத்திலே எந்தெந்த இடங்களிலே நிறுவப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன ?

(ஆ) எந்தெந்த கூட்டுறவு சங்கங்களுக்கு வெள்ளைச் சர்க்கரை தயாரிப்பதற்கான யந்திரங்கள் கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன.

A.—(a) No co-operative society has been organised exclusively for the production of white sugar from Palmyrah juice.

(b) A statement^b showing the particulars is placed on the Table of the House.

Tractor Hiring Scheme

448. Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 1958-ம் ஆண்டில், எத்தனை ஏக்கர் நிலங்கள் டிராக்டர்களின் மூலம் டிராக்டர்கள் வாடகைக்கு கொடுக்கும் திட்டத்தின் பிரகாரம் சீர்படுத்தப்பட்டது (மாவட்ட வாரியாக.) ?

(ஆ) சீர்படுத்துவதற்காக வசூலிக்கப்பட்ட வாடகைத்தொகை எவ்வளவு (மாவட்டவாரியாக.) ?

A.—(a) & (b) the answer^c is placed on the Table of the House.

^a Printed as Appendix IV on page 377 infra.

^b Printed as Appendix V on pages 378-382 infra.

^c Printed as Appendix VI on page 383 infra.

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Schemes under the Second Five-Year Plan in the Coimbatore district

449 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் நிதி அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

(அ) 13—2—1959-ல் நட்சத்திரக் குறியிட்ட கேள்விக்குப் பதில் அளிக்கப்பட்டதிலே தெரிவிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் கோயமுத்தூர், ஜில்லா சம்பந்தமாக இரண்டாவது ஐந்தாண்டு திட்டங்களுக்குத் தேவையான 49.19 கோடி ரூபாய்க்கு என்னென்ன திட்டங்களுக்கு எவ்வளவு ரூபாய் விகிதம் கணக்கெடுக்கப்பட்டன ?

(ஆ) இவ்வேலைகளிலே இரண்டாவது ஐந்தாண்டு திட்ட காலத்திலே 11.89 கோடி ரூபாய் அளவுக்கு என்னென்ன திட்டங்கள், எவ்வளவு ரூபாய் எஸ்டிமேட்டின் மீது, எந்தெந்த இடங்களிலே தெரிந்தெடுக்கப் பட்டிருக்கின்றன ?

A.—(a) The details of the proposals submitted by the Collector are contained in the Coimbatore District Plan booklet, copies of which are available in the Legislature Library.

(b) A statement^a showing the details of various schemes implemented or proposed to be implemented in the district under the State Second Plan, the provision available for them and their locations, is placed on the table of the House.

Police Village Development Scheme

450 Q.—திரு. பி. ஜி. மாணிக்கம் : கனம் முதலமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவு செய்து பதிலளிப்பாரா —

(அ) சமுதாய நல தேசிய விஸ்தரிப்புத் திட்டப் பிரதேசங்களில் போலீஸ் இலாகா (Police Village Scheme) மூலமாக என்னென்ன டெவலப்மெண்ட் வேலைகள் எந்தெந்த இடங்களிலே நடைபெற்றிருக்கின்றன ?

(ஆ) 1959-ம் வருஷத்திலே என்னென்ன வேலைகள் எந்தெந்த இடங்களிலே (Police Village Scheme) மூலமாக நடைபெற்றது ?

A.—(a) & (b) A statement^b showing the particulars relating to the various developmental activities undertaken and completed so far and the particulars of schemes proposed to be undertaken during the year 1959 by the Police Department under the Police Village Development Scheme in the Community Development and National Extension Service Areas is placed on the table of the House.

Villages affected by Guineaworm disease in Pudukkottai division

451 Q.—SRI V. ARUNACHALA THEVAR : Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state the places that are affected by Guineaworm in Pudukkottai division, Tiruchirappalli district ?

A.—A statement^c is placed on the table of the House.

a Printed as Appendix VII on pages 384–392 infra.

b Printed as Appendix VIII on pages 393–395 infra.

c Printed as Appendix IX on page 397 infra.

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Liquor permits

452 Q.—திரு. பி. எஸ். சின்னதுரை : கனம் உள்விவகார அமைச்சர் அவர்கள் தயவுசெய்து கீழ்க்கண்ட கேள்விக்குப் பதில் அளிப்பாரா—

1958-ம் ஆண்டில் மதுபான பர்மிட் வைத்திருந்தவர்களின் எண்ணிக்கை என்ன ? ஜில்லா வாரியாக?

A.—A statement^a showing the districtwise number of persons to whom liquor permits were issued during the year 1958 is placed on the table of the House.

Artesian wells

453 Q.—SRI K. R. VISWANATHAN : Will the Hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

(a) whether the District Collector has recommended a scheme for sinking 50 artesian and sub-artesian wells in Udayarpalayam taluk ; and

(b) if so, the action taken on the report of the Collector ?

A.—(a) Proposals for sinking 50 artesian wells in Udayarpalayam taluk have been received from the Director of Agriculture and not from the Collector of Tiruchirappalli.

(b) The proposals are under examination.

II.—ANNOUNCEMENTS.

(1) NOMINATION OF COUNCIL MEMBERS TO THE COMMITTEE ON SUBORDINATE LEGISLATION.

MR. SPEAKER : I have to announce to the House that the Legislative Council has nominated the following three members of the Council to associate with the Committee on Subordinate Legislation of the Assembly for the financial year 1960-61 :—

SRI M. SESHACHARIAR.

SRI L. S. KARAYALAR.

SRI S. P. SIVASUBRAMANYA NADAR.

III.—CALLING ATTENTION TO AN ACCIDENT IN THE PARAMBIKULAM PROJECT AREA.

MR. SPEAKER : I have received notice that Sri P. S. Chinna-durai will call the attention of the Hon. Minister for Works to a matter of urgent public importance, namely, the accidental death of seven workers in the Parambikulam Project area. Sri P. S. Chinna-durai will now speak.

SRI P. S. CHINNADURAI : மதிப்பிற்குரிய சபாநாயகர் அவர்களே, பரம்பிக்குளத் திட்டப் பிரதேசத்தில் வேலை செய்துகொண்டிருந்த தெழிலாளர்களில் 7 பேர்கள், அங்கு திடீரென ஏற்பட்ட மண் சரிவினால் இறந்திருக்கிறார்கள். அவர்கள் திடீரென விபத்துக்கு ஆளாக்